

Service Manual

Model

| Lotus | Sunflower |
|------------|------------|
| KW09HQ17SA | KW09HQ25SA |
| KW09HQ17SD | KW09HQ25SD |
| KW12HQ17SA | KW12HQ25SA |
| KW12HQ17SD | KW12HQ25SD |
| KW18HQ17SD | KW18HQ25SD |
| KW24HQ17SD | KW24HQ25SD |

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1. Summary

Indoor Unit:

B8 panel

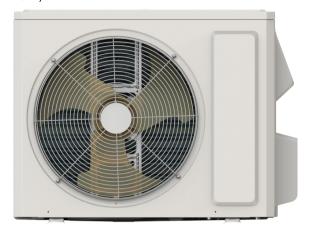


Technical Information

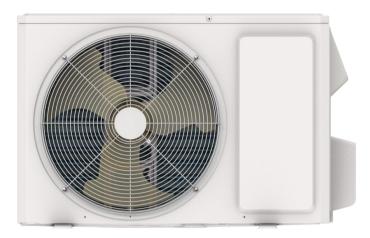
1. Summary

Outdoor Unit:

9K,12K



18K



24K



2.1 Specification Sheet

| Model | | | KW09HQ17SA |
|----------|--|-----------------|--|
| Product | : Code | | CB438015700 |
| D | Rated Voltage | V~ | 115 |
| Power | Rated Frequency | Hz | 60 |
| Supply | Phases | | 1 |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor |
| Cooling | Capacity | Btu/h | 9100 |
| Heating | Capacity | Btu/h | 10000 |
| Cooling | Power Input | W | 850 |
| | Power Input | W | 862 |
| | Power Current | Α | 9.24 |
| | Power Current | А | 9.37 |
| Rated Ir | | W | 1310 |
| | Cooling Current | Α | 12.50 |
| | Heating Current | A | / |
| | v Volume | CFM | 318/288/265/241/218/194/171 |
| | difying Volume | Pint/h | 1.69 |
| EER | idilying voidine | (Btu/h)/W | 10.70 |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 11.60 |
| SEER | | (Dta/II)/VV | 18 |
| HSPF | | | 9.5 |
| | tion Area | yd ² | 14-22 |
| | Model of indoor unit Indoor Unit Product Code | | KW09HQ17SAI CB438N15700 |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow |
| | Fan Diameter Length(D×L) | mm | Ф98×580 |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | 1350/1200/1120/1050/950/850/750 |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1350/1200/1120/1050/990/920/850 |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 20 |
| | Fan Motor RLA | A | 0.24 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 4 |
| | Evaporator Form | μι | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| Indoor | • | mm | Φ5 |
| Unit | Evaporator Pipe Diameter | mm | Ψ5 2-1.4 |
| | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | |
| | Evaporator Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 584×22.8×266.7 |
| | Swing Motor Model | 147 | MP24AA |
| | Swing Motor Power Output | W | 1.5 |
| | Fuse Current | Α | 3.15 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 41/38/36/34/32/30/28 Heating: 42/38/36/34/32/30/28 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 51/48/46/44/42/40/38 Heating: 52/48/46/44/42/40/38 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 31 7/64×10 53/64×7 7/8 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 33 15/32×13 11/32×10 5/16 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 33 35/64×13 31/32×10 3/4 |
| | | | |
| | Net Weight | lb | 19.8 |

| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW09HQ17SAO |
|------------|---|---------|---------------------------------|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB444W15300 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO.,LTD |
| | Compressor Model | | QXF-N075zC170A |
| | Compressor Oil | | FW68DA |
| | Compressor Type | | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | Α | - |
| | Compressor RLA | A | 11.20 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 640 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | • • • | / |
| | Throttling Method | | Capillary |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature | | |
| | Range Heating Operation Ambient Temperature | °F | 0~118 |
| | Range | °F | -4~75 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Φ7 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 1-1.2 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 666×19.05×528 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 900 |
| Outdoor | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 30 |
| Unit | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.40 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | I |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 1148 |
| | Fan Type | | Axial-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф400 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 |
| | Isolation | | I |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side | MPa | 4.3 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 51 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 61 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 28 13/16×21 27/32×12 63/64 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 31 9/64×14 11/16×23 15/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 31 17/64×14 51/64×24 7/32 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 59.5 |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 65.0 |
| | Refrigerant | | R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | OZ | 24.0 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 |
| | Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.2 |
| | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4" |
| Connection | | inch | 3/8" |
| Pipe | Max Distance Height | ft | 32.8 |
| | Max Distance Length | ft | 49.2 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric dia | ameter. | |

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

| Model | | | KW09HQ17SD | |
|--------------|--|-----------------|---|--|
| Product Code | | | CB438016100 | |
| Power | Rated Voltage | V~ | 208/230 | |
| Supply | Rated Frequency | Hz | 60 | |
| Supply | Phases | | 1 | |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor | |
| Cooling | Capacity | Btu/h | 9000 | |
| Heating | Capacity | Btu/h | 9400 | |
| Cooling | Power Input | W | 879 | |
| Heating | Power Input | W | 787 | |
| Cooling | Power Current | Α | 4.1 | |
| Heating | Power Current | А | 3.9 | |
| Rated In | put | W | 1280 | |
| Rated C | ooling Current | Α | 5.3 | |
| Rated H | eating Current | А | 5.9 | |
| Air Flow | Volume | CFM | 330/294/277/253/224/194/177 | |
| Dehumi | difying Volume | Pint/h | 1.69 | |
| EER | | (Btu/h)/W | 10.24 | |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 11.94 | |
| SEER | | | 18 | |
| HSPF | | | 9.2 | |
| Applicat | ion Area | yd ² | 14-22 | |
| | Model of indoor unit Indoor Unit Product Code | | KW09HQ17SDI CB444N15600 | |
| | | | | |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow | |
| | Fan Diameter Length(D×L) | mm | Ф98×580 | |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | 1300/1200/1120/1050/920/860/800 | |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1300/1200/1120/1050/1000/950/900 | |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 20 | |
| | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.22 | |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 1 | |
| Indoor | Evaporator Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube | |
| Unit | Evaporator Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф5 | |
| | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 | |
| | Evaporator Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 584×22.8×266.7 | |
| | Swing Motor Model | | MP24AA | |
| | Swing Motor Power Output | W | 1.5 | |
| | Fuse Current | Α | 3.15 | |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 40/37/35/33/30/27/26 Heating: 40/38/36/34/32/30/29 | |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 50/47/45/43/40/37/36 Heating: 50/48/46/44/42/40//39 | |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 31 7/64×10 53/64×7 7/8 | |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 33 15/32×13 11/32×10 5/16 | |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 33 35/64×13 31/32×10 3/4 | |
| | Net Weight | lb | 19.8 | |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 24.3 | |

| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW09HQ17SDO |
|------------|---|---|---------------------------------|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB444W15600 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO.,LTD |
| | Compressor Model | | QXF-A082zC170 |
| | Compressor Oil | | ZE-GLES RB68GX or equivalent |
| | Compressor Type | | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | A | / |
| | Compressor RLA | A | 5.90 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 730.2 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | • | / |
| | Throttling Method | | Capillary |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature | | |
| | Range | °F | 0~115 |
| | Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -4~75 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 1-1.2 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 666×19.05×528 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 850 |
| Outdoor | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 30 |
| Unit | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.40 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | I |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 1148 |
| | Fan Type | | Axial-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф400 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 |
| | Isolation | | I |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side | MPa | 4.3 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 52 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 62 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 28 13/16×21 27/32×12 63/64 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 31 9/64×14 11/16×23 15/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 31 17/64×14 51/64×24 7/32 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 56.2 |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 61.7 |
| | Refrigerant | | R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | OZ | 24.3 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 |
| | Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.2 |
| | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4" |
| Connection | | inch | 3/8" |
| Pipe | Max Distance Height | ft | 32.8 |
| | Max Distance Length | ft | 49.2 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric di | ameter. | |

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

| Model | | | KW09HQ25SD | KW09HQ25SA |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| Product | Code | | CB438016300 | CB438016500 |
| _ Rated Voltage | | V~ | 208/230 | 115 |
| Power | Rated Frequency | Hz | 60 | 60 |
| Supply | Phases | | 1 | 1 |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor | Outdoor |
| | Capacity | Btu/h | 9100 | 9100 |
| _ | Capacity | Btu/h | 10500 | 10000 |
| _ | Power Input | W | 618 | 626 |
| _ | Power Input | W | 848 | 698 |
| | Power Current | Α | 3 | 7.03 |
| _ | Power Current | Α | 3.95 | 7.68 |
| Rated In | | W | 1343 | 1580 |
| | Cooling Current | Α | 4.73 | 12.28 |
| | leating Current | Α | 6 | 16.59 |
| | Volume | CFM | 353/324/294/265/235/177/159/106 | 353/324/294/265/235/206/194/129 |
| | difying Volume | Pint/h | 1.69 | 1.69 |
| EER | a,g . c.ac | (Btu/h)/W | 14.72 | 14.55 |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 12.38 | 14.3 |
| SEER | | (Btairi)itt | 25.5 | 27 |
| HSPF | | | 12 | 11.8 |
| | tion Area | yd ² | 14-22 | 14-22 |
| Р | Model of indoor unit | , , . | KW09HQ25SDI | KW09HQ25SAI |
| | Indoor Unit Product Code | | CB438N16300 | CB438N16500 |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow | Cross-flow |
| | Fan Diameter Length(D×L) | mm | Ф98×630 | Ф98×630 |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | 1300/1200/1100/1000/900/800/750/500 | 1300/1200/1100/1000/900/800/750/500 |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1300/1200/1100/1000/900/850/800 | 1300/1200/1100/1000/900/850/800 |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 20 | 15 |
| | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.22 | 0.3 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 1 | 1 |
| | Evaporator Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| Indoor | Evaporator Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф5 | Ф5 |
| Unit | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 | 2-1.4 |
| | Evaporator Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 634×22.8×304.8 | 634×22.8×304.8 |
| | Swing Motor Model | | MP24EB / MP24BA | MP24EB / MP24BA |
| | Swing Motor Power Output | W | 1.5 / 1.5 | 1.5 / 1.5 |
| | Fuse Current | Α | 3.15 | 3.15 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 40/37/35/32/29/26/25/22 Heating: 41/38/36/33/29/27/25 | Cooling: 40/37/34/31/29/26/24/22 Heating: 41/38/35/31/29/26/25 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 50/47/45/42/39/36/35 Heating: 51/48/46/43/39/37/35 | Cooling: 50/47/44/41/39/36/34 Heating: 51/48/45/41/39/36/35 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 33 17/64×11 3/8×8 15/64 | 33 17/64×11 3/8×8 15/64 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 35 7/16×13 13/16×10 45/64 | 35 7/16×13 13/16×10 45/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 35 5/8×14 29/64×11 9/64 | 35 5/8×14 29/64×11 9/64 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 22.1 | 22.1 |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 26.5 | 26.5 |

| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW09HQ25SDO | KW09HQ25SAO |
|-----------------|---|---------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB385W15600 | CB385W15300 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO., LTD | |
| | Compressor Model | | QXF-B103zH170E | QXF-B103zH170E |
| | Compressor Oil | | FW68DA | RB68EP |
| | Compressor Type | | Rotary | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | Α | 1 | / |
| | Compressor RLA | Α | 6.5 | 12.5 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 800 | 800 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | | 1 | 1 |
| | Throttling Method | | Electron expansion valve | Electron expansion valve |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -20~122 | -4~122 |
| | Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -22~86 | -22~86 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7 | Ф7 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 | 2-1.4 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 761.5×38.1×528 | 802×38.1×528 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 850 | 900 |
| Outdoor Unit | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 30 | 30 |
| Unit | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 1 | 1 |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 1295 | 1295 |
| | Fan Type | | Axial-flow | Axial-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф420 | Ф420 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 | T1 |
| | Isolation | | I | I |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side | MPa | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 52 | 52 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 63 | 62 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 31 37/64 × 21 27/32 × 13 25/32 | 31 37/64 × 21 27/32 × 13 25/32 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 34 7/32 × 15 35/64 × 23 25/64 | 34 7/32 × 15 35/64 × 23 25/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 34 21/64 × 15 43/64 × 24 13/32 | 34 21/64 × 15 43/64 × 24 13/32 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 70.6 | 72.8 |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 76.1 | 78.3 |
| | Refrigerant | | R410A | R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | OZ | 35.3 | 35.3 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 | 24.6 |
| | Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Connection | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4" | 1/4" |
| Pipe | Outer Diameter Gas Pipe | inch | 3/8" | 3/8" |
| | Max Distance Height | ft | 32.8 | 32.8 |
| | Max Distance Length | ft | 49.2 | 49.2 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric di | ameter. | | |

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

| Model | | | KW12HQ17SD | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Product Code | | | CB438015900 | |
| Power | Rated Voltage | V~ | 208/230 | |
| Supply | Rated Frequency | Hz | 60 | |
| Опрріу | Phases | | 1 | |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor | |
| | Capacity | Btu/h | 11700 | |
| | Capacity | Btu/h | 12000 | |
| | Power Input | W | 1314 | |
| | Power Input | W | 1082 | |
| | Power Current | Α | 5.9 | |
| | Power Current | Α | 4.8 | |
| Rated Ir | · | W | 1650 | |
| | ooling Current | Α | 6.6 | |
| | eating Current | Α | 7.4 | |
| Air Flow | Volume | CFM | 371/294/262/235/218/201/182 | |
| Dehumi | difying Volume | Pint/h | 2.96 | |
| EER | | (Btu/h)/W | 8.90 | |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 11.09 | |
| SEER | | | 16.5 | |
| HSPF | | | 9 | |
| Applicat | ion Area | yd ² | 19-29 | |
| | Model of indoor unit | | KW12HQ17SDI | |
| | Indoor Unit Product Code | | CB438N15900 | |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow | |
| | Fan Diameter Length(D×L) | mm | Ф98×633.5 | |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | 1350/1200/1120/1050/980/920/850 | |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1300/1200/1140/1080/1020/960/900 | |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 20 | |
| | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.31 | |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 1.5 | |
| | Evaporator Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube | |
| Unit | Evaporator Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф5 | |
| | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 | |
| | Evaporator Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 635×22.8×304.8 | |
| | Swing Motor Model | | MP24BA | |
| | Swing Motor Power Output | W | 1.5 | |
| | Fuse Current | Α | 3.15 | |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 45/42/39/37/35/31/30 Heating: 43/40/38/37/35/33/31 | |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 55/52/49/47/45/41/40 Heating: 53/50/48/47/45/43/41 | |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 33 17/64×11 3/8×8 15/64 | |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 35 7/16×13 13/16×10 45/64 | |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 35 5/8×14 29/64×11 9/64 | |
| | Net Weight | Ib | 22.1 | |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 26.5 | |

| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW12HQ17SDO |
|------------|---|---------|---------------------------------|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB444W15200 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO.,LTD |
| | Compressor Model | | FTz-AN108ACBD |
| | Compressor Oil | | FW68DA or equivalent |
| | Compressor Type | | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | Α | / |
| | Compressor RLA | A | 6.80 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 857 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | VV | 1 |
| | Throttling Method | | Capillary |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature | | |
| | Range Heating Operation Ambient Temperature | °F | 0~115 |
| | Range | °F | -4~75 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 1-1.2 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 677×19.05×528 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 900 |
| Outdoor | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 30 |
| Unit | Fan Motor RLA | A | 0.40 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | I |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 1148 |
| | Fan Type | | Axial-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф400 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 |
| | Isolation | | I |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side | MPa | 4.3 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 52 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 62 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 28 13/16×21 27/32×12 63/64 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 31 9/64×14 11/16×23 15/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 31 17/64×14 51/64×24 7/32 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 56.2 |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 61.7 |
| | Refrigerant | | R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | OZ | 27.52 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 |
| | Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.2 |
| | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4" |
| Connection | Outer Diameter Gas Pipe | inch | 3/8" |
| Pipe | Max Distance Height | ft | 32.8 |
| | Max Distance Length | ft | 65.6 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric dia | ameter. | |

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

| Model | | | KW12HQ25SA |
|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Product | Code | | CB438016600 |
| D | Rated Voltage | V~ | 115 |
| Power Supply | Rated Frequency | Hz | 60 |
| Ouppiy | Phases | | 1 |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor |
| Cooling | Capacity | Btu/h | 12000 |
| Heating | Capacity | Btu/h | 12000 |
| Cooling | Power Input | W | 961 |
| Heating | Power Input | W | 923 |
| Cooling | Power Current | Α | 10.4 |
| Heating | Power Current | Α | 10 |
| Rated In | nput | W | 1500 |
| Rated C | cooling Current | Α | 15.2 |
| Rated H | eating Current | Α | 16.3 |
| Air Flow | Volume | CFM | 400/365/330/288/265/247/230/212 |
| Dehumid | difying Volume | Pint/h | 2.96 |
| EER | | (Btu/h)/W | 12.5 |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 13 |
| SEER | | | 24 |
| HSPF | | | 11 |
| Applicati | ion Area | yd ² | 19-29 |
| | Model of indoor unit | | GWH12QCXD-A3DNB8A/I |
| | Indoor Unit Product Code | | CB438N16600 |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow |
| | Fan Diameter Length(DXL) | mm | Ф98×630 |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | 1400/1200/1120/1050/950/850/750/500 |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1400/1200/1140/1080/1020/960/900 |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 15 |
| | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.3 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 1 |
| | Evaporator Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Evaporator Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф5 |
| | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 |
| Indoor Unit | Evaporator Coil Length (LXDXW) | mm | 634×22.8×304.8 |
| Offic | Swing Motor Model | | MP24EB/MP24BA |
| | Swing Motor Power Output | W | 1.5/1.5 |
| | Fuse Current | A | 3.15 |
| | r use Guirent | A | Cooling: 43/38/36/34/32/30/27 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | Heating: 44/38/36/34/32/30/28 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 53/48/46/44/42/40/37 Heating: 54/48/46/44/42/40/38 |
| | Dimension (WXHXD) | inch | 33 17/64×11 3/8×8 15/64 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (LXWXH) | inch | 35 7/16×13 13/16×10 45/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (LXWXH) | inch | 35 5/8×14 29/64×11 9/64 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 20.9 |
| | Gross Weight | Ib | 25.4 |

| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW12HQ25SAO |
|------------|---|--------|--|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB385W16700 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | Shanghai Highly Electrical Appliances Co.,Ltd. |
| | Compressor Model | | GSD098XKUA7JL6B |
| | Compressor Oil | | ACS-68R or equiva le nt 320±20ml |
| | Compressor Type | | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | Α | 1 |
| | Compressor RLA | Α | 15 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 784 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | | 1 |
| | Throttling Method | | Electron expansion valve |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -4~122 |
| | Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -22~86 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7.94 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (LXDXW) | mm | 761.5×38.1×528 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 900 |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 30 |
| Outdoor | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.4 |
| Unit | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 1 |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 1294.7 |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф420 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 |
| | Isolation | | I |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side | MPa | 4.3 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 52 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 62 |
| | Dimension (WXHXD) | inch | 31 37/64 × 21 27/32 × 13 25/32 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (LXWXH) | inch | 34 7/32 × 15 35/64 × 23 25/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (LXWXH) | inch | 34 21/64 × 15 43/64 × 24 13/32 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 73.9 |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 79.4 |
| | Refrigerant | | R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | OZ | 42.3 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 16.4 |
| | Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.215 |
| Connection | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4 |
| Pipe | Outer Diameter Gas Pipe | inch | 1/2 |
| | Max Distance Height | ft | 32.8 |
| | Max Distance Length | ft | 65.6 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric diameter | er. | |

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

30 <u>Technical Information</u>

| Model | | | KW12HQ25SD |
|----------|--|-----------------|--|
| Product | Code | | CB438016200 |
| _ | Rated Voltage | V~ | 208/230 |
| Power | Rated Frequency | Hz | 60 |
| Supply | Phases | | 1 |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor |
| Cooling | Capacity | Btu/h | 12000 |
| Heating | Capacity | Btu/h | 12000 |
| Cooling | Power Input | W | 961 |
| Heating | Power Input | W | 923 |
| Cooling | Power Current | А | 4.3 |
| Heating | Power Current | Α | 4.1 |
| Rated Ir | nput | W | 1500 |
| Rated C | cooling Current | Α | 6.3 |
| Rated H | leating Current | Α | 6.7 |
| Air Flow | Volume | CFM | 400/365/330/288/265/247/230 |
| Dehumi | difying Volume | Pint/h | 2.96 |
| EER | | (Btu/h)/W | 12.50 |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 13.00 |
| SEER | | | 24 |
| HSPF | | | 11 |
| Applicat | ion Area | yd ² | 19-29 |
| | Model of indoor unit | | KW12HQ25SDI |
| | Indoor Unit Product Code | | CB438N16200 |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow |
| | Fan Diameter Length(D×L) | mm | Ф98×630 1400/1200/1120/1050/950/850/750/500 |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1400/1200/1140/1080/1020/960/900 |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 15 |
| | Fan Motor RLA | A | 0.20 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | Aluminum Fin compan Tuba |
| Indoor | Evaporator Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube Φ5 |
| Unit | Evaporator Pipe Diameter | mm | 1 1 |
| | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 634×22.8×304.8 |
| | Evaporator Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | |
| | Swing Motor Model Swing Motor Power Output | W | MP24EB/MP24BA 1.5/1.5 |
| | Fuse Current | | 3.15 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 3.15 Cooling: 43/38/36/34/32/30/27 Heating: 44/38/36/34/32/30/28 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 53/48/46/44/42/40/37 Heating: 54/48/46/44/42/40/38 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 33 17/64×11 3/8×8 15/64 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 35 7/16×13 13/16×10 45/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 35 5/8×14 29/64×11 9/64 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 22.1 |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 26.5 |

| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW12HQ25SDO |
|-----------------|---|----------|--|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB385W16600 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | Shanghai Highly Electrical Appliances Co.,Ltd. |
| | Compressor Model | | GSD098XKUA7JL6B |
| | Compressor Oil | | ACS-68R or equiva le nt 320±20ml |
| | Compressor Type | | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | Α | l |
| | Compressor RLA | A | 6.80 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 784 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | | 1 |
| | Throttling Method | | Electron expansion valve |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -20~122 |
| | Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -22~86 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7.94 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 761.5×38.1×528 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 900 |
| Outdoor | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 30 |
| Unit | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.40 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 1 |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 1295 |
| | Fan Type | <u> </u> | Axial-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф420 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 |
| | Isolation | | l l |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure | | |
| | for the Discharge Side | MPa | 4.3 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 52 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 62 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 31 37/64×21 27/32×13 25/32 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 34 7/32×15 35/64×23 25/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 34 21/64×15 43/64×24 13/32 |
| | Net Weight | Ib | 70.6 |
| | Gross Weight | Ib | 76.1 |
| | Refrigerant | | R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | oz | 42.3 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 16.4 |
| | Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.2 |
| 0 | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4" |
| Connection Pipe | Outer Diameter Gas Pipe | inch | 1/2" |
| i ipc | Max Distance Height | ft | 32.8 |
| | Max Distance Length | ft | 65.6 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric di | ameter. | |

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

| Model | | | KW12HQ17SA | |
|----------|--|-----------|--|--|
| Product | Code | | CB438015600 | |
| D | Rated Voltage | V~ | 115 | |
| Power | Rated Frequency | Hz | 60 | |
| Supply | Phases | | 1 | |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor | |
| | Capacity | Btu/h | 11700 | |
| | Capacity | Btu/h | 12000 | |
| | Power Input | W | 1314 | |
| | Power Input | W | 1082 | |
| | Power Current | A | 11.8 | |
| | Power Current | A | 9.7 | |
| Rated In | | W | 1650 | |
| | cooling Current | A | 14.8 | |
| | | | 14.0 | |
| | leating Current Volume | A CFM | 371/294/262/235/218/201/182 | |
| | | | | |
| | difying Volume | Pint/h | 2.96 | |
| EER | | (Btu/h)/W | 8.90 | |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 11.09 | |
| SEER | | | 16.5 | |
| HSPF | | | 9 | |
| Applicat | ion Area | yd² | 19-29 | |
| | Model of indoor unit Indoor Unit Product Code | | KW12HQ17SAI CB438N15600 | |
| | | | Cross-flow | |
| | Fan Type | mm | | |
| | Fan Diameter Length(D×L) | mm | Ф98×633.5 | |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | 1350/1200/1100/1000/920/850/800 | |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1300/1200/1120/1050/980/900/850 | |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 20 | |
| | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.31 | |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 4 | |
| | Evaporator Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube | |
| Indoor | Evaporator Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф5 | |
| Unit | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 | |
| | Evaporator Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 635×22.8×304.8 | |
| | Swing Motor Model | | MP24BA | |
| | Swing Motor Power Output | W | 1.5 | |
| | Fuse Current | Α | 3.15 | |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 45/42/39/34/32/29/28 Heating: 43/40/38/37/34/32/30 | |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 55/52/49/44/4239/39 Heating: 53/50/48/47/44/42/40 | |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 33 17/64×11 3/8×8 15/64 | |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 35 7/16×13 13/16×10 45/64 | |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 35 5/8×14 29/64×11 9/64 | |
| | Net Weight | lb | 22.1(C4/B6/B8/B2 Panel) / 23.1(A5 Panel) | |
| | | | 22.1(C4/B6/B8/B2 Panel) / 23.1(A5 Panel) 26.5(C4/B6/B8/B2 Panel) / 27.6(A5 Panel) | |

| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW12HQ17SAO |
|------------|---|-----------|---------------------------------|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB444W14900 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO.,LTD |
| | Compressor Model | | FTz-AN108ACBD |
| | Compressor Oil | | FW68DA or equivalent |
| | Compressor Type | | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | Α | / |
| | Compressor RLA | Α | 15.00 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 857 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | | |
| | Throttling Method | | Capillary |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature | | |
| | Range | °F | 0~115 |
| | Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -4~75 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 1-1.2 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 677×19.05×528 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 900 |
| Outdoor | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 30 |
| Unit | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.40 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | I |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 1148 |
| | Fan Type | | Axial-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф400 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 |
| | Isolation | | I |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side | MPa | 4.3 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 52 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 62 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 28 13/16×21 27/32×12 63/64 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 31 9/64×14 11/16×23 15/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 31 17/64×14 51/64×24 7/32 |
| | Net Weight | Ib | 58.4 |
| | Gross Weight | Ib | 63.9 |
| | Refrigerant | | R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | OZ | 24.696 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 |
| | Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.2 |
| | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4" |
| Connection | Outer Diameter Gas Pipe | inch | 3/8" |
| Pipe | Max Distance Height | ft | 32.8 |
| | Max Distance Length | ft | 65.6 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric di | | 1 |
| | inote. The connection pipe applies metric di | arrieter. | |

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

● ● ● ● ● ■ Technical Information

| Model | | | KW18HQ17SD |
|----------|--|-----------------|---|
| Product | Code | | CB438016000 |
| | Rated Voltage | V~ | 208/230 |
| Power | Rated Frequency | Hz | 60 |
| Supply | Phases | | 1 |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor |
| Cooling | Capacity | Btu/h | 17400 |
| | Capacity | Btu/h | 19100 |
| | Power Input | W | 1820 |
| | Power Input | W | 1866 |
| | Power Current | Α | 8.1 |
| | Power Current | Α | 8.2 |
| Rated Ir | | W | 2300 |
| | cooling Current | Α | 9.5 |
| | leating Current | A | 9.5 |
| | Volume | CFM | 471//436/406/374/335/312/277 |
| | difying Volume | Pint/h | 3.8 |
| EER | anying volume | (Btu/h)/W | 9.55 |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 10.24 |
| SEER | | (Dtu/II)/VV | 16.5 |
| HSPF | | | 9 |
| | ion Area | | |
| Applicat | ion Area | yd ² | 28-41 |
| | Model of indoor unit Indoor Unit Product Code | | KW18HQ17SDI CB444N16000 |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow Cross-flow |
| | Fan Diameter Length(D×L) | mm | Ф106×706 |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | 1350/1280/1200/1130/1050/980/900 |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1350/1280/1200/1130/1050/980/900 |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 35 |
| | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.3 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 2.5 |
| | Evaporator Form | P | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| Indoor | Evaporator Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7 |
| Unit | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 |
| | Evaporator Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 715×25.4×304.8 |
| | Swing Motor Model | 111111 | MP35CJ |
| | Swing Motor Power Output | W | 2.5 |
| | Fuse Current | | 3.15 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 47/45/42/41/38/36/34 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Heating: 48/45/43/41/38/36/34 Cooling: 57/55/52/51/48/46/44 Heating: 58/55/53/51/48/46/44 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 38 3/16×11 13/16×8 55/64 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 40 5/32×14 9/16×11 37/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 40 3/32×14 9/10×11 37/04 40 23/64×14 7/8×11 31/32 |
| | | Inch | |
| | Net Weight | | 29.8(C4/C6/B2/B8 Panel) / 30.9(A5 Panel) |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 35.3(C4/C6/B2/B8 Panel) / 36.4(A5 Panel) |

| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW18HQ17SDO |
|------------|--|---------|----------------------------------|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB444W16000 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO. LTD. |
| | Compressor Model | | QXF-A139zH170A |
| | Compressor Oil | | FW68DA or equivalent |
| | Compressor Type | | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | Α | 25.0 |
| | Compressor RLA | A | 9.35 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 1295 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | | 1 |
| | Throttling Method | | Capillary |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature | °F | 0~115 |
| | Range Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | 19~75 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 780×23×514 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 900 |
| Outdoor | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 30 |
| Unit | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.5 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 1177 |
| | Fan Type | | Axial-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф420 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 |
| | Isolation | | <u> </u> |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure | MPa | 4.3 |
| | for the Discharge Side Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 57 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 67 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 31 37/64×21 27/32×13 25/32 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 34 7/32×15 35/64×23 25/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 34 21/64×15 43/64×24 13/32 |
| | Net Weight | Ib | 69.5 |
| | Gross Weight | Ib | 75.0 |
| | Refrigerant | טו | 75.0 R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | oz | 42.4 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 |
| | Connection Pipe Length Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.17 |
| | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4" |
| Connection | · | | 1/4" |
| Pipe | Outer Diameter Gas Pipe | inch | |
| | Max Distance Height | ft | 32.8 |
| | Max Distance Length | ft | 82.0 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric di | ameter. | |

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

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| Model | | | KW24HQ17SD |
|----------|---|-----------------|---|
| Product | Code | | CB438015800 |
| | Rated Voltage | | 208/230 |
| | Power Supply Rated Frequency | | 60 |
| Supply | Phases | | 1 |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor |
| | ooling Capacity | | 22000 |
| | Capacity | Btu/h | 24000 |
| | Power Input | W | 1896 |
| | Power Input | W | 2051 |
| | Power Current | A | 8.5 |
| | Power Current | A | 9.5 |
| Rated Ir | | W | 2500 |
| | · | | |
| | Cooling Current | A | 11 |
| | leating Current | A | 12 |
| | / Volume | CFM | 677/588/559/500/471/441/412 |
| | difying Volume | Pint/h | 5.28 |
| EER | | (Btu/h)/W | 11.30 |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 11.70 |
| SEER | | | 18 |
| HSPF | | | 10 |
| Applicat | tion Area | yd ² | 28-41 |
| | Model of indoor unit | | KW24HQ17SDI |
| | Indoor Unit Product Code | | CB438N15800 |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow |
| | Fan Diameter Length(D×L) | mm | Ф108×830 |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | 1300/1150/1100/1000/950/900/850 |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1300/1200/1100/1050/1000/950/900 |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 60 |
| | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.30 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | |
| | Evaporator Form | • | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| Indoor | Evaporator Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7 |
| Unit | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 |
| | Evaporator Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 850×25.4×342.9 |
| | Swing Motor Model | (11111 | MP35CJ |
| | | W | |
| | Swing Motor Power Output | | 2.5 |
| | Fuse Current | Α | 3.15 Cooling: 51/46/45/42/40/38/37 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | Heating: 51/48/45/43/42/40/38 |
| | Sound Pressure Level Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Heating: 51/48/45/43/42/40/38 Cooling: 61/56/55/52/50/48/47 Heating: 61/58/55/53/52/50/48 |
| | Sound Power Level | | |
| | Sound Power Level Dimension (W×H×D) | dB (A) | Cooling: 61/56/55/52/50/48/47 Heating: 61/58/55/53/52/50/48 42 28/64×12 51/64×9 44/64 |
| | Sound Power Level Dimension (W×H×D) Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | dB (A) inch | Cooling: 61/56/55/52/50/48/47 Heating: 61/58/55/53/52/50/48 42 28/64×12 51/64×9 44/64 44 16/64×15 48/64×12 61/64 |
| | Sound Power Level Dimension (W×H×D) | dB (A) | Cooling: 61/56/55/52/50/48/47 Heating: 61/58/55/53/52/50/48 42 28/64×12 51/64×9 44/64 |

| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW24HQ17SDO |
|------------|---|---------|----------------------------------|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB444W15900 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO. LTD. |
| | Compressor Model | | FTz-SM151AXBD |
| | Compressor Oil | | FW68DA or equivalent |
| | | | · |
| | Compressor Type | Λ | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | A | 35.00 |
| | Compressor RLA | A | 10.39 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 1330 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | | HPC 115/95U1 KSD115°C |
| | Throttling Method | | Electron expansion valve |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | 0~122 |
| | Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | 19.4~75.2 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 839×38.1×616 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 880 |
| Outdoor | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 60 |
| Unit | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.73 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 3.5 |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 1883 |
| | Fan Type | | Axial-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф520 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 |
| | Isolation | | 1 |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure | | IF A 4 |
| | for the Discharge Side Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure | MPa | 4.3 |
| | for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 57 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 67 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 37 46/64×25 63/64×15 53/64 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 40 33/64×17 53/64×28 10/64 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 40 40/64×17 61/64×29 1/64 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 97.0 |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 106.9 |
| | Refrigerant | | R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | OZ | 52.9 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 |
| | Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.5 |
| | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4" |
| Connection | Outer Diameter Gas Pipe | inch | 5/8" |
| Pipe | Max Distance Height | ft | 32.8 |
| | - | ft | |
| | Max Distance Length | | 82.0 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric di | ameter. | |

The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

● ● ● ● ● ■ Technical Information

| Model | | | KW24HQ25SD | |
|--------------|---|--------------------|---|--|
| Product | t Code | | CB438016400 | |
| <u> </u> | Rated Voltage | V~ | 208/230 | |
| Power Supply | Rated Frequency | Hz | 60 | |
| Supply | Phases | | 1 | |
| Power S | Supply Mode | | Outdoor | |
| Cooling | Capacity | Btu/h | 22000 | |
| Heating | Capacity | Btu/h | 24000 | |
| Cooling | Power Input | W | 1679 | |
| Heating | Power Input | W | 1870 | |
| | Power Current | Α | 8.1 | |
| | Power Current | Α | 8.8 | |
| Rated I | | W | 3100 | |
| | Cooling Current | Α | 15.3 | |
| | Heating Current | A | 13.5 | |
| | v Volume | CFM | 736/589/530/471/441/412/383 | |
| | idifying Volume | Pint/h | 5.072 | |
| EER | lariying volume | (Btu/h)/W | 13.1 | |
| COP | | (Btu/h)/W | 12.8 | |
| | | (Blu/II)/VV | - | |
| SEER | | | 24 | |
| HSPF | | 12 | 11 | |
| Applica | tion Area | yd ² | 32-50 | |
| | Model of indoor unit | | KW24HQ25SDI | |
| | Indoor Unit Product Code | | CB438N16400 | |
| | Fan Type | | Cross-flow | |
| | Fan Diameter Length(D×L) | mm | Ф108×830 | |
| | Cooling Speed | r/min | 1500/1150/1100/1000/950/900/850 | |
| | Heating Speed | r/min | 1500/1200/1100/1050/1000/950/900 | |
| | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 60 | |
| | Fan Motor RLA | A | 0.3 | |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 1 | |
| | Evaporator Form | μι | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube | |
| Indoor | | mm | Ф7 | |
| Unit | | mm | • • | |
| | Evaporator Row-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 | |
| | Evaporator Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 845×25.4×342.9 | |
| | Swing Motor Model | | MP35CJ/MP24HF | |
| | Swing Motor Power Output | W | 2.5/1.5 | |
| | | | | |
| | Fuse Current | Α | 3.15 | |
| | Fuse Current Sound Pressure Level | A dB (A) | Cooling: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 Heating: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 | |
| | | | Cooling: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 | |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 Heating: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 Cooling: 62/54/52/49/48/46/44 | |
| | Sound Pressure Level Sound Power Level | dB (A) | Cooling: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 Heating: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 Cooling: 62/54/52/49/48/46/44 Heating: 62/54/52/49/48/46/44 | |
| | Sound Pressure Level Sound Power Level Dimension (W×H×D) | dB (A) dB (A) inch | Cooling: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 Heating: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 Cooling: 62/54/52/49/48/46/44 Heating: 62/54/52/49/48/46/44 42 28/64×12 51/64×9 44/64 | |
| | Sound Pressure Level Sound Power Level Dimension (W×H×D) Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | dB (A) dB (A) inch | Cooling: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 Heating: 52/44/42/39/38/36/34 Cooling: 62/54/52/49/48/46/44 Heating: 62/54/52/49/48/46/44 42 28/64×12 51/64×9 44/64 44 16/64×15 48/64×12 61/64 | |

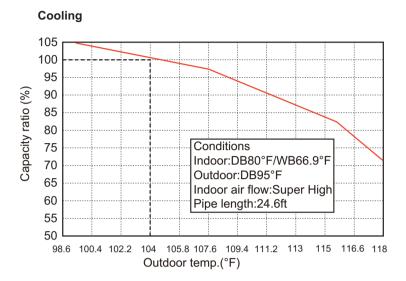
| | Outdoor Unit Model | | KW24HQ25SDO |
|-----------------|---|--------|----------------------------------|
| | Outdoor Unit Product Code | | CB385W16300 |
| | Compressor Manufacturer | | ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO., LTD |
| | Compressor Model | | QXFS-M180zX170 |
| | Compressor Oil | | I |
| | Compressor Type | | Rotary |
| | Compressor LRA. | Α | 24 |
| | Compressor RLA | Α | 11 |
| | Compressor Power Input | W | 1350 |
| | Compressor Overload Protector | | HPC 115/95U1 KSD115°C |
| | Throttling Method | | Electron expansion valve |
| | Set Temperature Range | °F | 61~86 |
| | Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -20~122 |
| | Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range | °F | -22~86 |
| | Condenser Form | | Aluminum Fin-copper Tube |
| | Condenser Pipe Diameter | mm | Ф7 |
| | Condenser Rows-fin Gap | mm | 2-1.4 |
| | Condenser Coil Length (L×D×W) | mm | 955×38.1×704 |
| | Fan Motor Speed | rpm | 850 |
| Outdoor | Fan Motor Power Output | W | 90 |
| Outdoor Unit | Fan Motor RLA | Α | 0.6 |
| | Fan Motor Capacitor | μF | 1 |
| | Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume | CFM | 2648 |
| | Fan Type | | Axial-flow |
| | Fan Diameter | mm | Ф570 |
| | Defrosting Method | | Automatic Defrosting |
| | Climate Type | | T1 |
| | Isolation | | Į. |
| | Moisture Protection | | IPX4 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side | MPa | 4.3 |
| | Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side | MPa | 2.5 |
| | Sound Pressure Level | dB (A) | 62 |
| | Sound Power Level | dB (A) | 72 |
| | Dimension (W×H×D) | inch | 39 3/8 × 29 3/8 × 16 13/16 |
| | Dimension of Carton Box (L×W×H) | inch | 42 13/32 × 18 57/64 × 30 29/32 |
| | Dimension of Package (L×W×H) | inch | 42 33/64 × 19 1/64 × 31 57/64 |
| | Net Weight | lb | 125.7 |
| | Gross Weight | lb | 136.7 |
| | Refrigerant | | R410A |
| | Refrigerant Charge | oz | 60 |
| | Connection Pipe Length | ft | 24.6 |
| | Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge | oz/ft | 0.5 |
| 0 | Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe | inch | 1/4" |
| Connection Pipe | Outer Diameter Gas Pipe | inch | 5/8" |
| , ipc | Max Distance Height | ft | 82 |
| | Max Distance Length | ft | 131.2 |
| | Note: The connection pipe applies metric diameter | er. | |

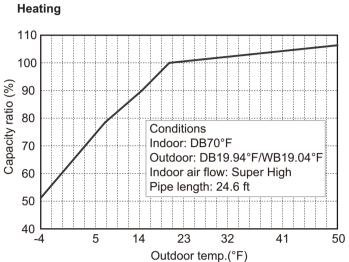
The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

2.2 Capacity Variation Ratio According to Temperature

KW09HQ17SA KW09HQ17SD

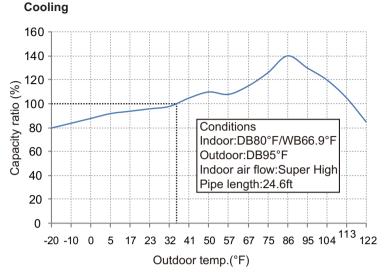
Cooling operation ambient temperature range is $0^{\circ}F \sim 118^{\circ}F$ or $0^{\circ}F \sim 115^{\circ}F$. Heating operation ambient temperature range is $-4^{\circ}F \sim 75^{\circ}F$.

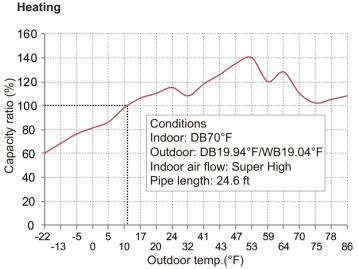




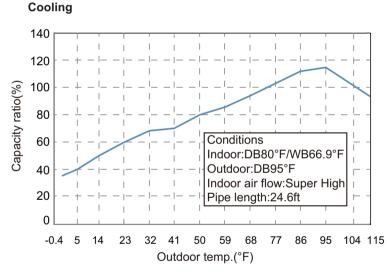
KW09HQ25SA KW09HQ25SD

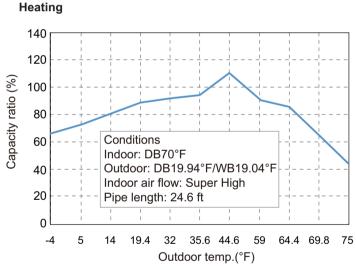
Cooling operation ambient temperature range is -20°F~122°F or -4°F~122°F. Hheating operation ambient temperature range is -22°F~86°F.





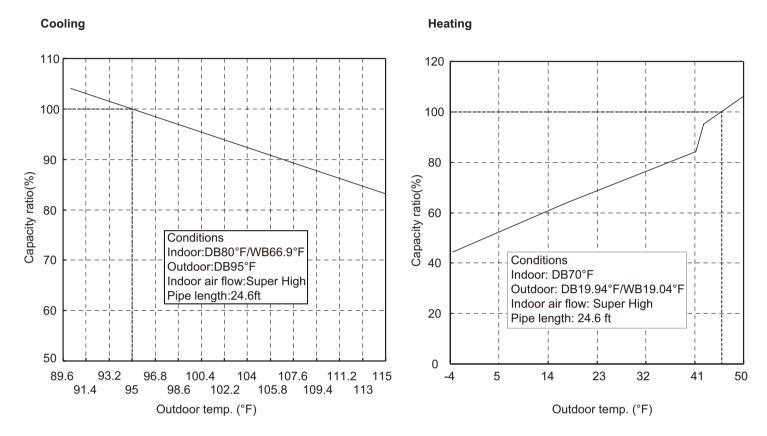
Cooling operation ambient temperature range is 0°F~115°F. Hheating operation ambient temperature range is -4°F~75°F.



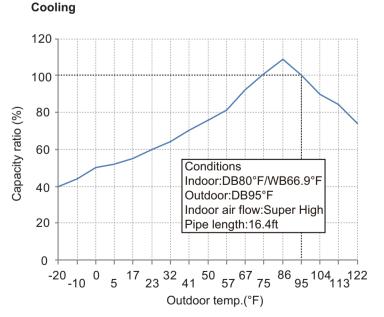


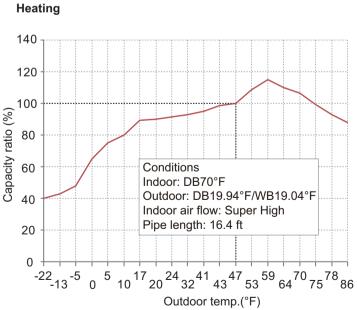
12K

Cooling operation ambient temperature range is 0°F~115°F. Hheating operation ambient temperature range is -4°F~75°F.



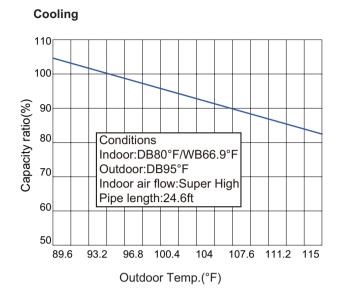
Cooling operation ambient temperature range is -20°F~122°F or -4°F~122°F. Hheating operation ambient temperature range is -22°F~86°F.

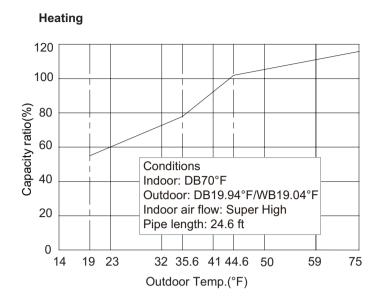




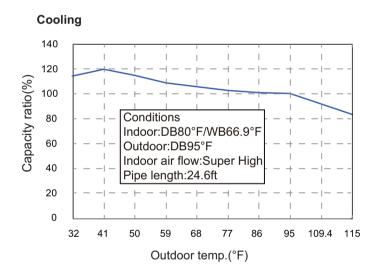
18K:

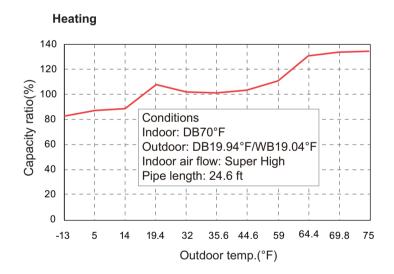
Cooling operation ambient temperature range is 0°F~115°F. Hheating operation ambient temperature range is 19°F~75°F.





Cooling operation ambient temperature range is 0°F~115°F. Hheating operation ambient temperature range is -13°F~75°F.

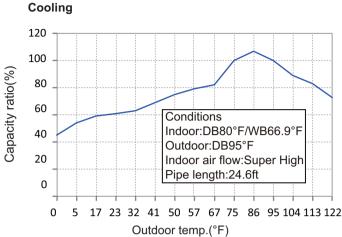




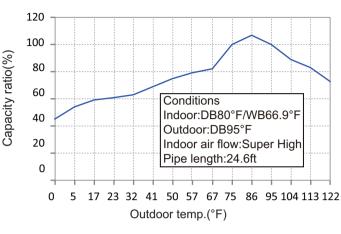
52 <u>Technical Information</u>

24K:

Cooling operation ambient temperature range is 0°F~122°F. Hheating operation ambient temperature range is 19.4°F~75°F.



Cooling operation ambient temperature range is -20°F~122°F.



Heating

120

100

80

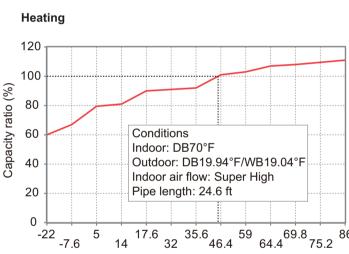
60

40

20

0

Capacity ratio(%)



Outdoor temp.(°F)

53

Conditions

Indoor: DB70°F

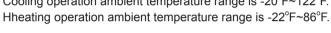
Pipe length: 24.6 ft

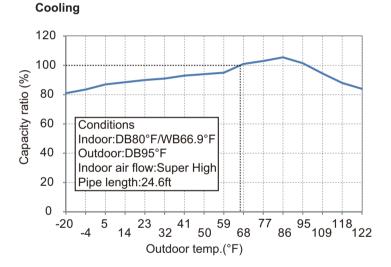
19.4 5 10 17 20 24 32 41 43 47 53 59 64 70 75

Outdoor temp.(°F)

Outdoor: DB19.94°F/WB19.04°F

Indoor air flow: Super High





2.3 Cooling and Heating Data Sheet in Rated Frequency

Cooling:

| Rated cooling condition(°F) (DB/WB) Model | | Pressure of gas pipe connecting indoor and outdoor unit | | pe temperature of changer | Fan speed of | Fan speed of | |
|---|---------|---|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Indoor | Outdoor | Model | PSIG | T1 (°F) | T2 (°F) | indoor unit | outdoor unit |
| 80/66.9 | 95/- | 09K | 130~142 | in:46.4~51.8 out:51.8~57.2 | in:167~181.4 out:98.6~118.4 | Super High | High |
| 80/66.9 | 95/- | 12K | 130~142 | in:46.4~51.8 out:51.8~57.2 | in:167~181.4 out:98.6~118.4 | Super High | High |
| 80/66.9 | 95/- | 18K | 130~142 | in:46.4~51.8 out:51.8~57.2 | in:167~181.4 out:98.6~118.4 | Super High | High |
| 80/66.9 | 95/- | 24K | 130~142 | in:46.4~51.8 out:51.8~57.2 | in:167~181.4 out:98.6~118.4 | Super High | High |

Heating:

| Rated heating condition(°F) (DB/WB) Model | | Pressure of gas pipe connecting indoor and outdoor unit | | pe temperature of changer | Fan speed of | Fan speed of | |
|--|-------------|---|---------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Indoor | Outdoor | Wodel | PSIG | T1 (°F) | T2 (°F) | indoor unit | outdoor unit |
| 70/60 | 19.94/19.04 | 09K | 362~406 | in:167~181.4 out:98.6~113 | in:33.8~37.4 out:35.6~42.8 | Super High | High |
| 70/60 | 19.94/19.04 | 12K | 362~406 | in:167~181.4 out:98.6~113 | in:33.8~37.4 out:35.6~42.8 | Super High | High |
| 70/60 | 19.94/19.04 | 18K | 507~550 | in:167~181.4 out:98.6~113 | in:33.8~37.4 out:35.6~42.8 | Super High | High |
| 70/60 | 19.94/19.04 | 24K | 507~550 | in:167~181.4 out:98.6~113 | in:33.8~37.4 out:35.6~42.8 | Super High | High |

Instruction:

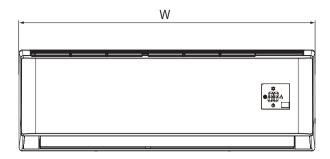
T1: Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of evaporator

T2: Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of condenser

P: Pressure at the side of big valve Connection pipe length: 16.4/24.6 ft.

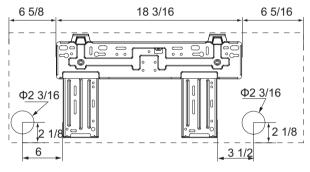
54 <u>Technical Information</u>

3.1 Indoor Unit

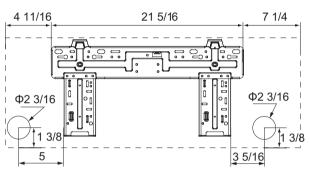




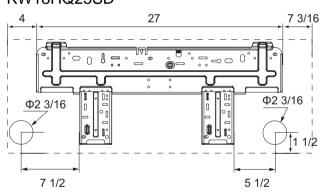
QB KW09HQ17SA KW09HQ17SD



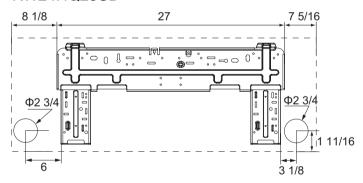
QC KW12HQ17SA KW09HQ25SA KW12HQ25SA KW12HQ17SD KW09HQ25SD KW12HQ25SD



QD KW18HQ17SD KW18HQ25SD



QE KW24HQ17SD KW24HQ25SD



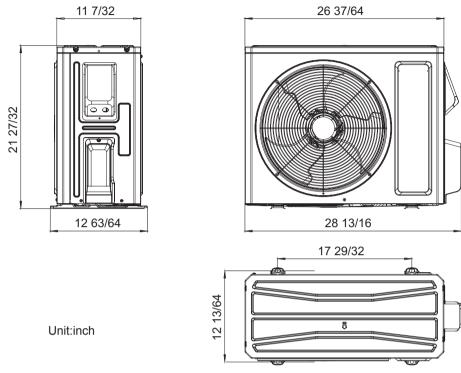
Unit:inch

| Model | W | Н | D |
|-------|----------|----------|---------|
| QB | 31 7/64 | 10 53/64 | 7 7/8 |
| QC | 33 17/64 | 11 3/8 | 8 15/64 |
| QD | 38 3/16 | 11 13/16 | 8 55/64 |
| QE | 42 28/64 | 12 51/64 | 9 44/64 |

3.2 Outdoor Unit

XΒ

KW09HQ17SA KW12HQ17SA KW09HQ17SD KW12HQ17SD



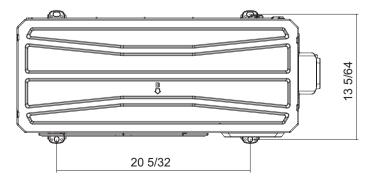
XD

KW09HQ25SA KW12HQ25SA KW18HQ17SD

KW09HQ25SD KW12HQ25SD

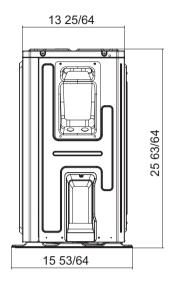
11 52/64

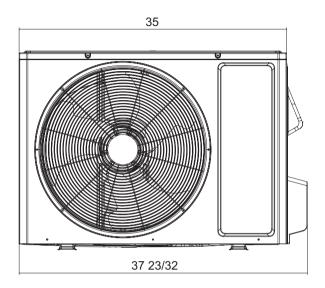
31 37/64



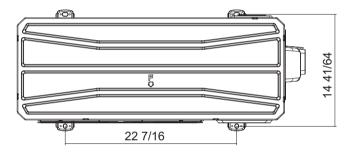
Unit:inch

XF KW18HQ25SD

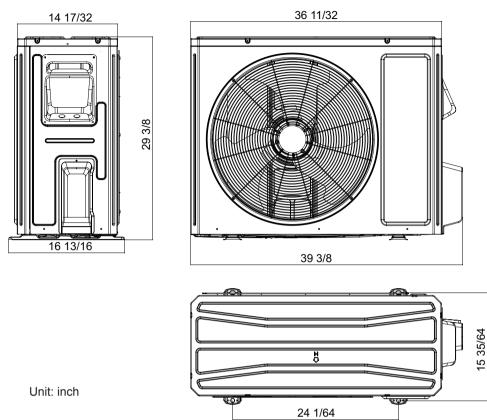




Unit:inch

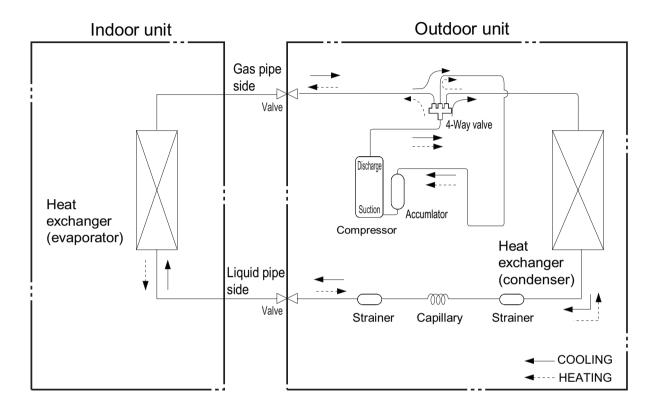


XH KW24HQ25SA



4. Refrigerant System Diagram

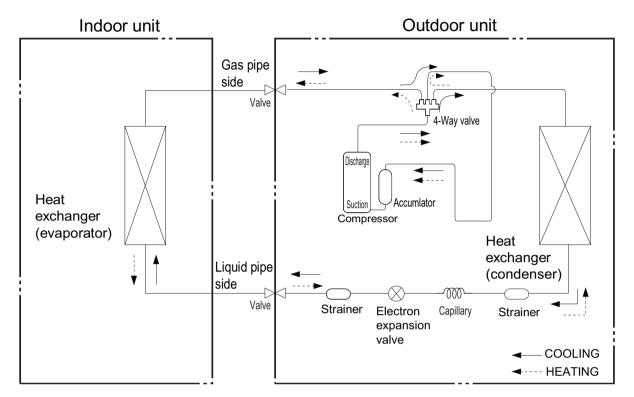
KW09HQ17SAO KW09HQ17SDO KW12HQ17SAO KW12HQ17SDO KW18HQ17SDO



Connection pipe specification: Liquid pipe:1/4" Gas pipe:3/8"(09/12K) Gas pipe:1/2"(18K) Gas pipe:5/8"(24K)

4. Refrigerant System Diagram

KW24HQ17SDO KW18HQ25SDO KW24HQ25SDO



Connection pipe specification:

Liquid pipe:1/4"

Gas pipe:3/8"(09K/12K for some model)

Gas pipe:1/2"(12K/18K) Gas pipe:5/8"(24K)

5.1 Wiring Diagram

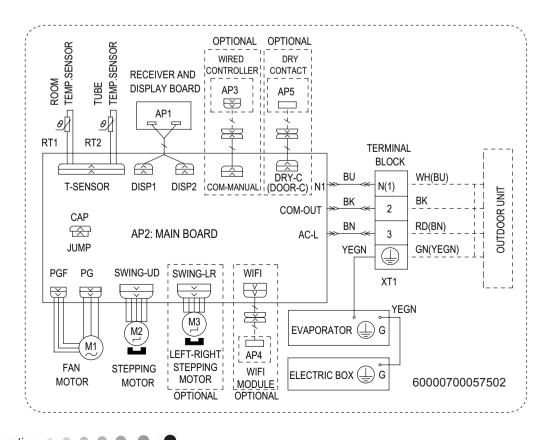
Instruction

| Symbol | Symbol Color | Symbol | Symbol Color | Symbol | Name |
|--------|--------------|--------|--------------|--------|----------------|
| WH | White | GN | Green | CAP | Jumper cap |
| YE | Yellow | BN | Brown | COMP | Compressor |
| RD | Red | BU | Blue | | Grounding wire |
| YEGN | Yellow/Green | BK | Black | / | 1 |
| VT | Violet | OG | Orange | / | 1 |
| | | | | | |

Note: Jumper cap is used to determine fan speed and the swing angle of horizontal lover for this model.

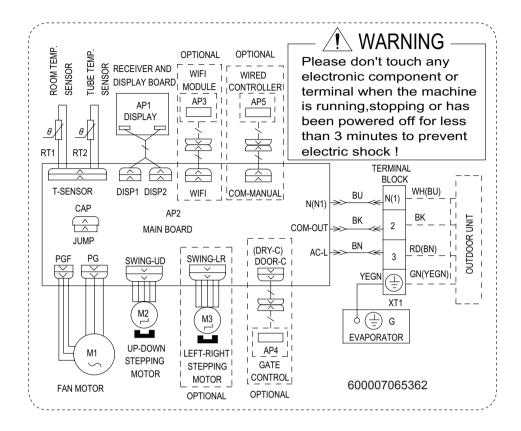
• Indoor Unit

KW09HQ17SAI KW12HQ17SAI KW09HQ17SDI KW12HQ17SDI

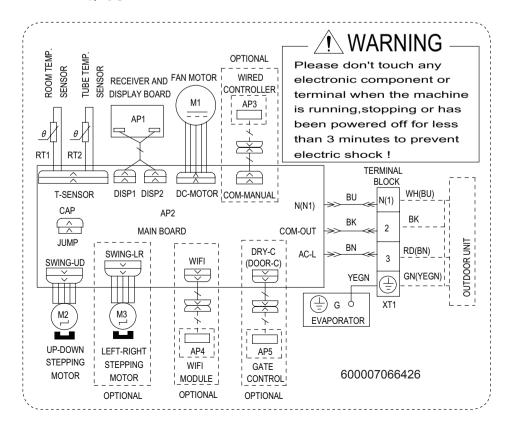


Technical Information

KW18HQ17SDI

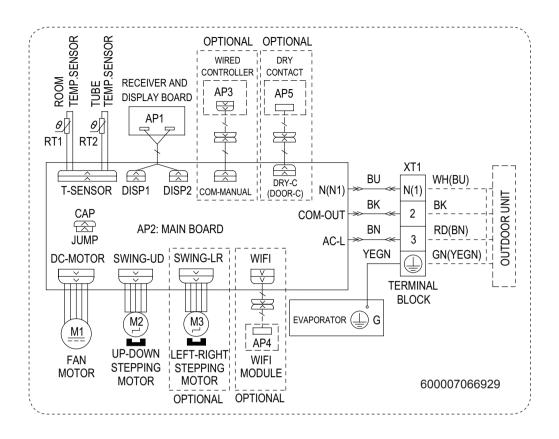


KW24HQ17SDI KW24HQ25SDI



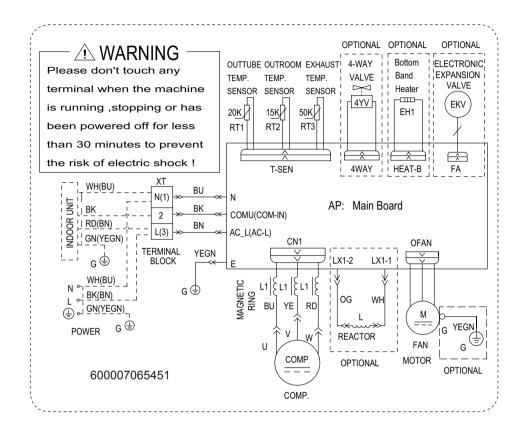
62 <u>Technical Information</u>

KW09HQ25SAI KW12HQ25SAI KW09HQ25SDI KW12HQ25SDI



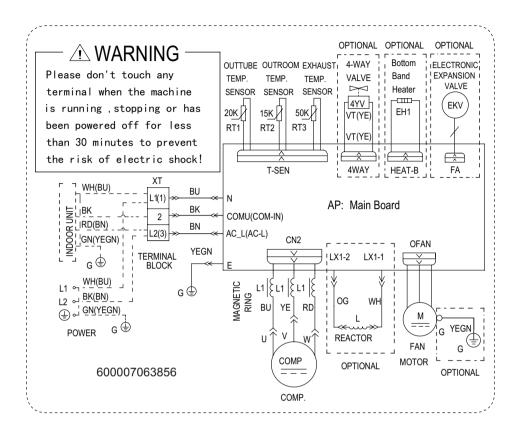
• Outdoor Unit

KW09HQ17SAO KW12HQ17SAO KW09HQ25SAO KW12HQ25SAO

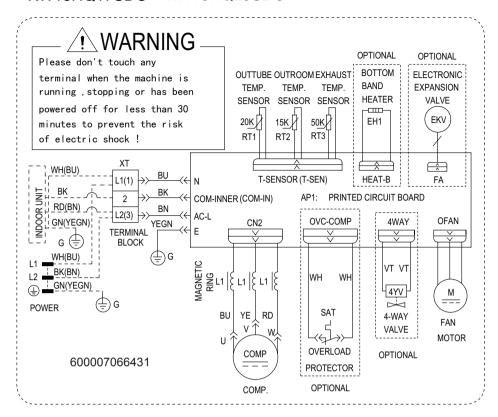


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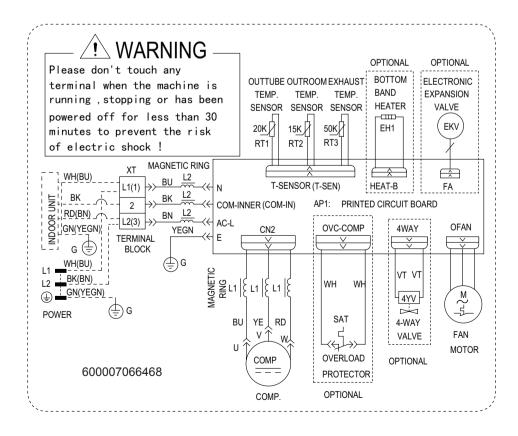
KW09HQ17SDO KW12HQ17SDO KW09HQ25SDO KW12HQ25SDO



KW18HQ17SDO KW18HQ25SDO



KW24HQ17SDO

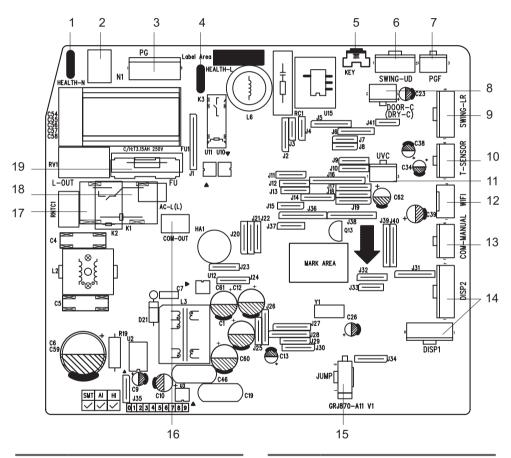


These wiring diagrams are subject to change without notice; please refer to the one supplied with the unit.

5.2 PCB Printed Diagram

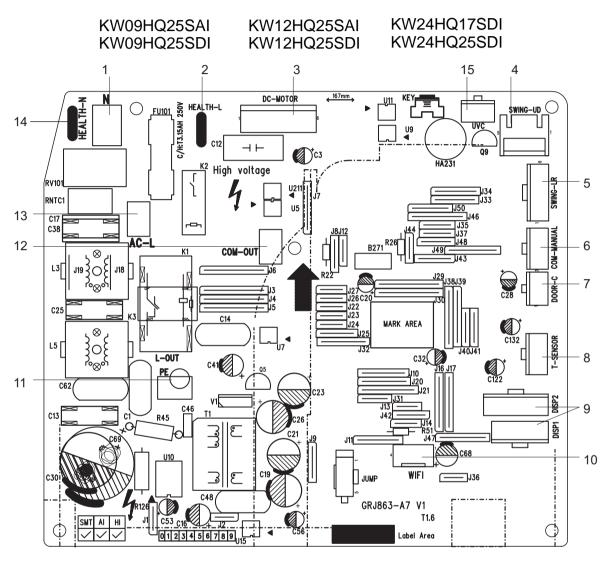
Indoor Unit

KW09HQ17SAI KW12HQ17SAI KW18HQ17SDI KW09HQ17SDI KW12HQ17SDI



| No. | Name |
|-----|---|
| 1 | Interface of health function neutral wire |
| 2 | Neutral wire terminal |
| 3 | Motor terminal |
| 4 | Interface of health function live wire |
| 5 | Auto button |
| 6 | Up&down swing terminal |
| 7 | Interface of Motor feedback |
| 8 | Interface of gate-control |
| 9 | Left&right swing terminal |
| 10 | Terminal of temperature sensor |

| No. | Name |
|-----|---|
| 11 | UVC terminal |
| 12 | WIFI terminal |
| 13 | Wired controller terminal |
| 14 | Interface of display board |
| 15 | Jumper cap |
| 16 | Communication terminal for indoor unit and outdoor unit |
| 17 | Terminal of live wire used for supplying power for outdoor unit |
| 18 | Live wire terminal |
| 19 | Fuse |



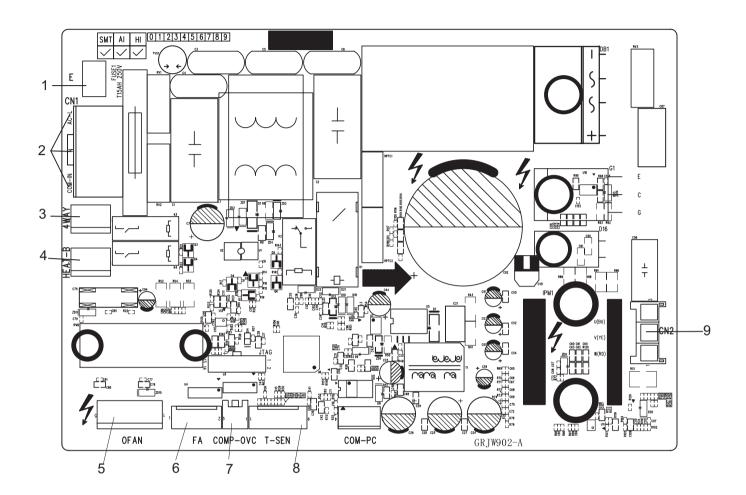
| No. | Name | | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| 1 | Neutral wire | | |
| 2 | Interface of health function live wire | | |
| 3 | DC fan interface | | |
| 4 | Up&down swing interface | | |
| 5 | Left&right swing interface | | |
| 6 | Interface of wired controller | | |
| 7 | Interface of gate control | | |
| 8 | Interface of temperature sensor | | |

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| No. | Name |
|-----|---|
| 9 | Display interface |
| 10 | WIFI interface |
| 11 | Grounding wire |
| 12 | Terminal with outdoor unit communication wire |
| 13 | Live wire interface |
| 14 | Interface of health function neutral wire |
| 15 | Interface of ultraviolet clean |

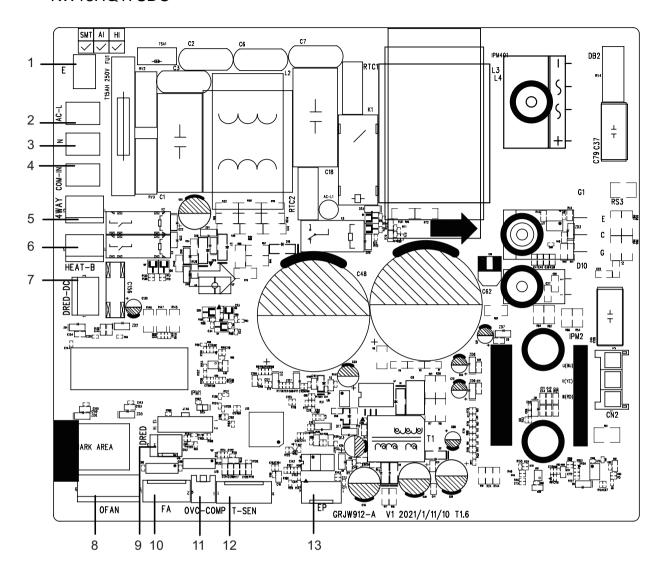
Outdoor Unit

KW09HQ17SDO KW12HQ17SDO KW09HQ25SDO KW12HQ25SDO



| No. | Name |
|-----|---|
| 1 | Earthing wire |
| 2 | Neutral wire, live wire and communication cable |
| 3 | 4-way valve |
| 4 | Electric heating belt of chasssis |
| 5 | Outdoor fan |
| 6 | Electronic expansion valve |
| 7 | Overload |
| 8 | Temperature sensor |
| 9 | Three-phase terminal of compressor |
| | |

KW18HQ17SDO



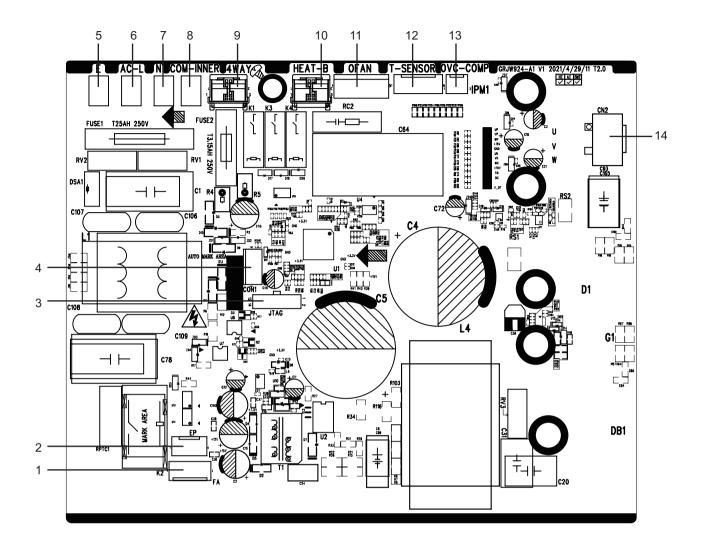
| No. | Name |
|-----|------------------------------|
| 1 | Earthing wire |
| 2 | Live wire |
| 3 | Neutral wire |
| 4 | Communication wire |
| 5 | 4-way valve |
| 6 | Electric heating of chasssis |
| 7 | DRED-DC(Reserved) |

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| No. | Name | | |
|-----|----------------------------|--|--|
| 8 | Outdoor fan | | |
| 9 | DRED(Reserved) | | |
| 10 | Electronic expansion valve | | |
| 11 | Compressor Overload | | |
| 12 | Temperature sensor | | |
| 13 | Compressor | | |
| | | | |

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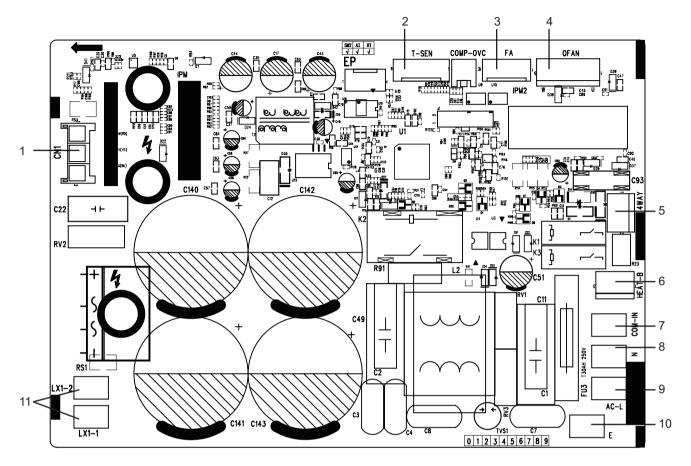
KW24HQ17SDO



| No. | Name |
|-----|----------------------------|
| 1 | Electronic expansion valve |
| 2 | E disk |
| 3 | Program debug interface |
| 4 | Interface monitoring |
| 5 | Earthing wire |
| 6 | Live wire |
| 7 | Neutral wire |

| No. | Name |
|-----|------------------------------|
| 8 | Communication wire |
| 9 | 4-way valve |
| 10 | Electric heating of chasssis |
| 11 | AC fan |
| 12 | Temperature sensor |
| 13 | Overload of compressor |
| 14 | Compressor terminal |

KW09HQ17SAO KW12HQ17SAO KW09HQ25SAO KW12HQ25SAO



| No. | Name | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Three-phase terminal of compressor | | |
| 2 | Temperature sensor | | |
| 3 | Electronic expansion valve | | |
| 4 | Outdoor fan | | |
| 5 | 4-way valve | | |
| 6 | Electric heating of chasssis | | |

| No. | Name |
|-----|--------------------------------|
| 7 | Terminal of communication wire |
| 8 | Neutral wire |
| 9 | Live wire |
| 10 | Earthing wire |
| 11 | Interface of reactor |
| | |

6.1 Remote Controller Introduction Buttons on remote controller for YAY1FF



Introduction for icons on display screen

| .if | I feel |
|------------|---|
| FAN AUTO | Set fan speed |
| \$ | Turbo mode |
| ♠ | Send signal |
| Δ | Auto mode |
| * | Cool mode |
| | Dry mode |
| | Fan mode |
| * | Heat mode |
| © 3 | Sleep mode |
| | Light |
| • | Power limiting operation |
| ფ | X-FAN function |
| 1 | Indoor ambient temp. |
| () | Clock |
| 88⊱ | Set temperature |
| WIFI | WiFi function |
| 88:88 | Set time |
| ONOFF | TIMER ON / TIMER OFF |
| 灬 | Left & right swing |
| ₽ 0 | Up & down swing |
| | Child lock |
| ନ | Quiet |
| | © ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← ← |

NOTE:

 This is a general use remote controller. It could be used for the air conditioner with multifunction. For the functions which the model doesn't have, if press the corresponding button on the remote controller, the unit will keep the original running status.

- After putting through the power, the air conditioner will give out a sound. Power indicator " () " is ON. After that, you can operate the air conditioner by using remote controller.

U button

Press this button to turn on the unit. Press this button again to turn off the unit.

MODE button

Press this button to select your required operation mode:



- When selecting auto mode, air conditioner will operate automatically according to ambient temperature. Set temperature can't be adjusted and will not be displayed as well. Press "FAN" button can adjust fan speed. Press "SWING" button can adjust fan blowing angle.
- When selecting cool mode, air conditioner will operate under cool mode. Press "+" or "-" button to adjust set temperature. Press "FAN" button to adjust fan speed. Press "SWING" button to adjust fan blowing angle.
- When selecting dry mode, the air conditioner operates at low speed under dry mode. Under dry mode, fan speed can't be adjusted. Press "SWING" button to adjust fan blowing angle.
- When selecting fan mode, the air conditioner will only blow fan, no cooling and no heating. Press "FAN" button to adjust fan speed. Press "SWING" button to adjust fan blowing angle.
- When selecting heat mode, the air conditioner operates under heat mode. Press "+" or "-" button to adjust set temperature. Press "FAN" button to adjust fan speed. Press "SWING" button to adjust fan blowing angle.

NOTE:

- For preventing cold air, after starting up heat mode,indoor unit will delay 1~5 minutes to blow air (Actual delay time depends on indoor ambient temperature).
- Set temperature range from remote controller:16~30°C(61-86°C).
- This mode indicator is not available for some models.
- Cooling only unit won't receive heat mode signal. If setting heat mode with remote cont roller, press " $\mbox{ U}$ " button can't start up the unit.

FAN button

NOTE

- Under AUTO speed, air conditioner will select proper fan speed automatically according to factory default setting.
- It's low fan speed under dry mode.
- X-FAN function: Holding fan speed button for 2s in cool or dry

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mode, the icon " & " is displayed and the indoor fan will continue operation for a few minutes in order to dry the indoor unit even though you have turned off the unit. After energization, X-FAN OFF is defaulted. X-FAN is not available in auto, fan or heat mode.

This function indicates that moisture on evaporator of indoor unit will be blowed after the unit is stopped to avoid mould.

• Having set X-FAN function on: After turning off the unit by pressing " () " button, indoor fan will continue running for a few minutes at low speed. In this period, hold fan speed button for 2s to stop indoor fan directly.

Having set X-FAN function off: After turning off the unit by pressing " \cup " button, the complete unit will be off directly.

• If equipped with the product of 4 kinds of fan speed, when setting " (1) ", " ... ", the unit will work in low speed; when setting " ... ", " ... ", the unit will work in medium speed; when setting " ... " ... ", " ... ", the unit will work in high speed.

-/+ button

Press "+" or "-" button once increase or decrease set temperature 1°C(°F). Holding "+" or "-" button, 2s later, set temperature on remote controller will change quickly. On releasing button after setting is finished, temperature indicator on indoor unit will change accordingly. (Temperature can' t be adjusted under auto mode) When setting TIMER ON, TIMER OFF or CLOCK,press "+" or "-" button to adjust time. (Refer to CLOCK, TIMER ON, TIMER OFF functions).

MENU button

Press this button to select submenu function and then press "SET" button to set the function status of submenu. The submenu can be selected circularly as follows:

NOTE:

 Some menu's function may be unavailable under different models.

်္ကို² Light function

When selecting light function, light icon "ﷺ flashes for 5s; press "SET" button within 5s to turn off display light on indoor unit and "ﷺ icon on remote controller disappears. Press "SET" button again within 5s to turn on display light and " ﷺ icon is displayed.

C Sleep function

When selecting sleeping function, sleeping icon" (" " flashes for 5s; press "SET" button within 5s can select Sleep 1 ((1), Sleep 2 ((1), Sleep 3 (1)) and cancel Sleep circularly.

• Sleep 1 is Sleep mode 1, in Cool modes; sleep status after run for one hour, the main unit setting temperature will increase 1°C, two hours, setting temperature increased 2°C, then the unit will run at this setting temperature; In Heat mode: sleep status after

run for one hour, the setting temperature will decrease 1°C, two hours, setting temperature will decrease 2°C, then the unit will run at this setting temperature.

- Sleep 2 is sleep mode 2, that is air conditioner will run according to the presetting a group of sleep temperature curve.
- Sleep 3-the sleep curve setting under Sleep mode by DIY;

(1)Under Sleep 3 mode, press "Turbo" button for a long time, remote controller enters into user individuation sleep setting status, at this time, the time of remote controller will display "1hour", the setting temperature "88" will display the corresponding temperature of last setting sleep curve and blink(The first entering will display according to the initial curve setting value of original factory);

(2)Adjust "+" and "-" button, could change the corresponding setting temperature, after adjusted, press "Turbo" button for confirmation;

- (3) At this time, 1hour will be automatically increased at the timer position on the remote control,(that are "2hours" or "3hours" or "8hours"), the place of setting temperature "88" will display the corresponding temperature of last setting sleep curve and blink;
- (4) Repeat the above step (2)~(3) operation, until 8 hours temperature setting finished, sleep, curve setting finished, at this time, the remote controller will resume the original timer display; temperature display will resume to original setting temperature.
- Sleep3- the sleep curve setting under Sleep mode by DIY could be inquired:

The user could accord to sleep curve setting method to inquire the presetting sleep curve, enter into user individuation sleep setting status, but do not change the temperature, press "Turbo" button directly for confirmation. Note: In the above presetting or enquiry procedure, if continuously within 10s, there is no button pressed, the sleep curve setting within 10s, there is no button pressed, the sleep curve setting status will be automatically quit and resume to display the original displaying. In the presetting or enquiry procedure, press" 0 " button, "MODE" button, the sleep curve setting or enquiry status will quit similarly.

NOTE:

• If equipped with the product with one kind of sleeping mode only, set Sleep 1 ($(^*\cdot 1)$) or Sleep 3 ($(^*\cdot 3)$) to activate sleeping function.

TIMER ON function

TIMER ON function can set the time for timer on.Under TIMER ON function status," (a) " icon disappears and the word "ON" on remote controller blinks. Press "+" or "-" button to adjust TIMER ON setting. After each pressing "+" or "-" button TIMER ON setting will increase or decrease 1min.Hold "+" or "-" button, 2s later, the time will change quickly until reaching your required time.Press "SET" button to confirm it within 5S. The word "ON" will stop blinking.

Cancel TIMER ON: Press "MENU" button to TIMER ON function and the characters "ON" flashes on the remote controller; press

"SET" button until the characters "ON" disappears.

TIMER OFF function

TIMER OFF function can set the time for timer off.Under TIMER OFF function status," \oplus " icon disappears and the word "OFF" on remote controller blinks. Press "+" or "-" button to adjust TIMER OFF setting. After each pressing "+" or "-" button TIMER OFF setting will increase or decrease 1min.

Hold "+" or "-" button, 2s later, the time will change quickly until reaching your required time, press "SET" button to confirm it within 5S. The word "OFF" will stop blinking.

Cancel TIMER OFF: Press "MENU" button to TIMER OFF function and the characters "OFF" flashes on the remote controller; press "SET" button until the characters "OFF" disappears.

(CLOCK function)

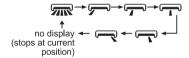
CLOCK function can set clock time. Under CLOCK function status, " \oplus " icon on remote controller will blink. Press "+" or "-" button within 5s to set clock time. Each pressing of "+" or "-" button, clock time will increas e or decrease 1 min. If hold "+" or "-" button, 2s later, time will change quickly.

Release this button when reaching your required time, press "SET" button to confirm it within 5S. The " 🖰 " icon will stop blinking.

(**沅** Left & right swing function)

When selecting left & right swing function, left & right swing icon " 氣 " flashes for 5s; press "SET" button within 5s to select left & right swing angle.

Fan blow angle can be selected circularly as below:



NOTE:

• The function is only available for some models.

(SE Energy-saving function)

Under cooling mode, when selecting energy-saving function, energy-saving function icon " 5£ " flashes for 5s; press "SET" button within 5s to turn on or turn off energy-saving function. When energy-saving function is started up, "SE" will be shown on remote controller, and air conditioner will adjust the set temperature automatically according to ex-factory setting to reach to the best energy-saving effect. Press "SET" button again to exit energy-saving function.

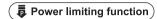
$ig(m{B}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \mathtt{C}}$ 8 $^{\scriptscriptstyle \mathtt{C}}$ -heating functionig)

Under heating mode, when selecting 8°C-heating function, 8°C-heating icon " 8_c " flashes for 5s;press "SET" button within 5s to

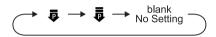
turn on or turn off 8°C-heating. When 8°C-heating is started up, " \mathcal{B}_{ν} " will be shown on remote controller, and the air conditioner keep the heating status at 8°C. Press "SET" button again to exit 8°C-heating function.

NOTE:

Under °F temperature display, the remote controller will display 46°F heating.



Power limiting function is for limiting the power of the whole unit. When selecting power limiting function, power limiting icon " \$\overline{\sigma}\$ rlashes for 5s; press "SET" button within 5s and the remote controller will circularly display as follows:



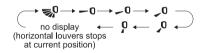
- Maximum power limited under the \$\overline{
- If the current power is lower than the maximum power of a mode, then the power will not be limited after entering into such mode.
- For the model with one outdoor unit and two indoor units, if any one of indoor units enters into power limiting function, the outdoor unit will enter into the set limiting power mode of indoor unit; when two indoor units enter into power limiting mode, then the power of outdoor unit will be limited according to the lower power of the two indoor units.

NOTE:

• The function is only available for some models.

SWING button

Press this button can select up & down swing angle. Fan blow angle can be selected circularly as below:



- When selecting "-0.-0..0..0..0", air conditioner is blowing fan at fixed position. Horizontal louver will stop at the fixed position.
- Hold " 🔊 "button above 2s to set your required swing angle. When reaching your required angle, release the button.

NOTE

- Press this button continuously for more than 2s, the main unit will swing back and forth from up to down, and then loosen the button, the unit present position of guide louver will be kept immediately.
- Under up and down swing mode, when the status is switched from off to ₹0, if press this button again 2s later, ₹0 status will switch to off status directly; if press this button again within 2s,

the change of swing status will also depend on the circulation sequence stated above.

TURBO button

Under COOL or HEAT mode, press this button to turn to quick COOL or quick HEAT mode. " "icon is displayed on remote controller. Press this button again to exit turbo function and " "icon will disappear. If start this function, the unit will run at super-high fan speed to cool or heat quickly so that the ambient temperature approaches the preset temperature as soon as possible.

Function introduction for combination buttons

Child lock function

Press "+" and "-" simultaneously to turn on or turn off child lock function. When child lock function is on, " \(\begin{align*} \begin{align*} \begin{align*

Temperature display switchover function

Under OFF status, press "-" and "MODE" buttons simultaneously to switch temperature display between °C and °F.

Auto clean function

Under unit off status, hold "MODE" and "FAN"buttons simultaneously for 5s to turn on or turn off the auto clean function. When the auto clean function is turned on, indoor unit displays "CL". During the auto clean process of evaporator, the unit will perform fast cooling or fast heating. There may be some noise, which is the sound of flowing liquid or thermal expansion or cold shrinkage. The air conditioner may blow cool or warm air, which is a normal phenomenon. During cleaning process, please make sure the room is well ventilated to avoid affecting the comfort.

NOTE:

- The auto clean function can only work under normal ambient temperature. If the room is dusty, clean it once a month; if not, clean it once every three months. After the auto clean function is turned on,you can leave the room. When auto clean is finished,the air conditioner will enter standby status.
- This function is only available for some models.

WiFi function

Press "MODE" and "TURBO" button simultaneously to turn on or turn off WiFi function. When WiFi function is turned on, the "WiFi" icon will be displayed on remote controller; Long press "MODE" and "TURBO" buttons simultaneously for 10s, remote controller will send WiFi reset code and then the WiFi function will be turned

on.WiFi function is defaulted ON after energization of the remote controller.

NOTE:

• This function is only available for some models.

Ambient temperature display function

UPress "SWING" and "SET" buttons simultaneously, you can see indoor ambient temperature on indoor unit's displayer and the " (1) " icon will be displayed on remote controller. The setting on remote controller is selected circularly as below:



Adjustable temperature under auto mode

The remote controller defaulted that the set temperature can't be adjusted and it won't be displayed under AUTO mode; when pressing "+" and "SET" buttons simultaneously under off status for consecutive 5s, the set temperature can be adjusted under AUTO mode. After setting is succeeded, the set temperature on the remote controller flashes for 3 times.

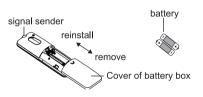
Night mode

Under cooling or heating mode, when turning on sleep mode and turn to low speed or quiet notch, the outdoor unit would enter into night mode.

NOTE:

- When you feel that the cooling and heating effect is poor, please press "FAN" button to other fan speed or press "SLEEP" button to exit the night mode.
- The night mode can only work under normal ambient temperature.
- This function is only available for some models.

Replacement of batteries in remote controller



- 1.Press the back side of remote controller marked with "☺", as shown in the fig, and then push out the cover of battery box along the arrow direction.
- 2.Replace two 7# (AAA 1.5V) dry batteries, and make sure the position of "+" polar and "-" polar are correct.
- 3. Reinstall the cover of battery box.

NOTE:

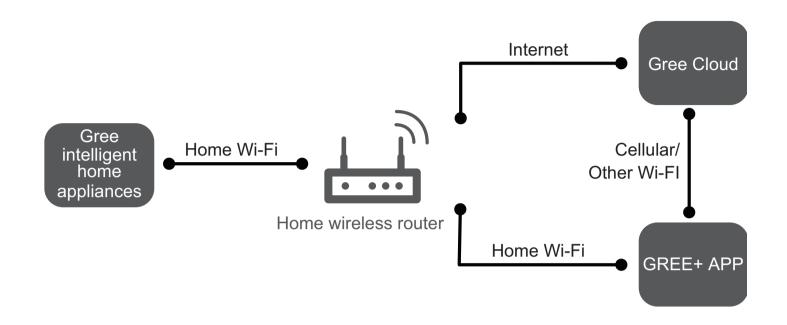
• During operation, point the remote control signal sender at the receiving window on indoor unit.

● ● ● ● ● ■ Technical Information

- The distance between signal sender and receiving window should be no more than 8m, and there should be no obstacles between them.
- Signal may be interfered easily in the room where there is fluorescent lamp or wireless telephone; remote controller should be close to indoor unit during operation.
- Replace new batteries of the same model when replacement is required.
- When you don't use remote controller for a long time, please take out the batteries.
- If the display on remote controller is fuzzy or there's no display, please replace batteries.

6.2 GREE+ App Operation Manual

Control Flow Chart



Operating Systems

Requirement for User's smart phone:



iOS system
Support iOS7.0 and
above version



Android system
Support Android 4.4 and above version

Download and installation



GREE+ App Download Linkage

Scan the QR code or search "GREE+" in the application market to download and install it. When "GREE+" App is installed, register the account and add the device to achieve long-distance control and LAN control of Gree smart home appliances. For more information, please refer to "Help" in App.

6.4 Brief Description of Modes and Functions

Indoor Unit

1. Basic function of system

(1) Cooling mode

- (1) Under this mode, fan and swing operates at setting status. Temperature setting range is 60.8~86.0°F.
- (2) During malfunction of outdoor unit or the unit is stopped because of protection, indoor unit keeps original operation status.

(2) Drying mode

- (1) Under this mode, fan operates at low speed and swing operates at setting status. Temperature setting range is 60.8~86.0°F.
- (2) During malfunction of outdoor unit or the unit is stopped because of protection, indoor unit keeps original operation status.
- (3) Protection status is same as that under cooling mode.
- (4) Sleep function is not available for drying mode.

(3) Heating mode

- (1) Under this mode, Temperature setting range is 60.8~86.0°F.
- (2) Working condition and process for heating mode:

When turn on the unit under heating mode, indoor unit enters into cold air prevention status. When the unit is stopped or at OFF status, and indoor unit has been started up just now, the unit enters into residual heat-blowing status.

(4) Working method for AUTO mode:

- 1. Working condition and process for AUTO mode:
- a. Under auto mode set temperature can be adjusted. The unit switch mode automatically according to ambient temperature.
- 2. Protection function
- a. During cooling operation, protection function is same as that under cooling mode.
- b. During heating operation, protection function is same as that under heating mode.
- Display: Set temperature is the set value under each condition.Ambient temperature is (Tamb.-Tcompensation) for heat pump unit and Tamb. for cooling only unit.
- 4. If there's I feel function, Tcompensation is 0. Others are same as above.

(5) Fan mode

Under this mode, indoor fan operates at set fan speed. Compressor, outdoor fan, 4-way valve and electric heating tube stop operation. Indoor fan can select to operate at high, medium, low or auto fan speed. Temperature setting range is 60.8~86.0°F.

2. Other control

(1) Buzzer

Upon energization or availably operating the unit or remote controller, the buzzer will give out a beep.

(2) Auto button

If press this auto button when turning off the unit, the complete unit will operate at auto mode. Indoor fan operates at auto fan speed and swing function is turned on. Press this auto button at ON status to turn off the unit.

(3) Auto fan

Heating mode: During auto heating mode or normal heating ode, auto fan speed will adjust the fan speed automatically according to ambient temperature and set temperature.

(4) Sleep function

After setting sleep function for a period of time, system will adjust set temperature automatically.

(5) Timer function

General timer and clock timer functions are compatible by equipping remote controller with different functions.

(6) Memory function

Memorize compensation temperature, off-peak energization value. Memory content: mode, up&down swing, light, set temperature, set fan speed, general timer (clock timer can't be memorized). After power recovery, the unit will be turned on automatically according to memory content.

(7) Health function

During operation of indoor fan, set health function by remote controller. Turn off the unit will also turn off health function.

Turn on the unit by pressing auto button, and the health is defaulted ON.

(8) I feel control mode

After controller received I feel control signal and ambient temperature sent by remote controller, controller will work according to the ambient temperature sent by remote controller.

(9) Compulsory defrosting function

a. Start up compulsory defrosting function

Under ON status, set heating mode with remote controller and adjust the temperature to 60.8° F. Press "+, -, +, -, +,- (\blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown , \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown , \blacktriangle , \blacktriangledown , \blacktriangle , \triangledown)" button successively within 5s and the complete unit will enter into compulsory defrosting status. Meanwhile, heating indicator on indoor unit will ON 10s and OFF 0.5s successively. (Note: If complete unit has malfunction or stops operation due to protection, compulsory defrosting function can be started up after malfunction or protection is resumed.

b. Exit compulsory defrosting mode

After compulsory defrosting is started up, the complete unit will exit defrosting operation according to the actual defrosting result, and the complete unit will resume normal heating operation.

(10) Refrigerant recovery function:

a. Enter refrigerant recycling function

Within 5min after energizing (unit ON or OFF status is ok), continuously press LIGHT button for 3 times within 3s to enter refrigerant recycling mode; Fo is displayed and refrigerant recycling function is started. At this moment, the maintenance people closes liquid valve. After 5min, stick the thimble of maintenance valve with a tool. If there is no refrigerant spraying out, close the gas valve immediately and then turn off the unit to remove the connection pipe.

b. Exit refrigerant recycling function

After entering refrigerant recycling mode, when receive any remote control signal or enter refrigerant recycling mode for 25min, the unit will exit refrigerant recycling mode automatically If the unit is in standby mode before refrigerant recycling, it will be still in standby mode after finishing refrigerant recycling; if the unit is in ON status before refrigerant recycling, it will still run in original operation mode.

(11) Ambient temperature display control mode

- a. When user set the remote controller to display set temperature (corresponding remote control code: 01), current set temperature will be displayed.
- b. Only when remote control signal is switched to indoor ambient temperature display status (corresponding remote control code: 10) from other display status (corresponding remote control code: 00, 01,11),controller will display indoor ambient temperature for 3s and then turn back to display set temperature.

Under this mode, indoor fan operates at set fan speed. Compressor, outdoor fan, 4-way valve and electric heating tube stop operation. Indoor fan can select to operate at high, medium, low or auto fan speed. Temperature setting range is 60.8~86.0°F.

(12) Off-peak energization function:

Adjust compressors minimum stop time. The original minimum stop time is 180s and then we change to:

The time interval between two start-ups of compressor can't be less than 180+T s($0\le T\le 15$). T is the variable of controller. Thats to say the minimum stop time of compressor is $180s\sim 195s$. Readin T into memory chip when refurbish the memory chip each time. After power recovery, compressor can only be started up after 180+T s at least.

(13) SE control mode

The unit operates at SE status.

(14) X-fan mode

When X-fan function is turned on, after turn off the unit, indoor fan will still operate at low speed for 2min and then the complete unit will be turned off. When x-fan function is turned off, after turn off the unit, the complete unit will be turned off directly.

(15) 46.4°F heating function

Under heating mode, you can set 46.4°F heating function by remote controller. The system will operate at 46.4°F set temperature.

(16) Turbo fan control function

Set turbo function under cooling or heating mode to enter into turbo fan speed. Press fan speed button to cancel turbo wind.

No turbo function under auto, dry or fan mode.

(17)Auto cleaning function(only available on some models)

The automatic cleaning function of the indoor heat exchanger can be dedusted and sterilized by the condensation, frosting, defrosting and high temperature stages of the evaporator.

- 1.Under the power off, press and hold the "Internal Clean" button for 3 seconds while holding down the "MODE" and "FAN" buttons for 5 seconds to turn on the Auto Clean function. After the function is turned on, the air conditioner displays "CL".
- 2. The evaporator will be rapidly cooled or heated during the automatic cleaning process. There may be noise or even noise. The noise generated by the plastic parts due to thermal expansion and contraction is normal. During the cleaning and disinfection process, the room temperature may increase slightly, please keep the room well ventilated.

Tips:

The automatic cleaning function can only be started under normal environmental conditions. If the indoor environment is easy to dust, it is recommended to clean it once a month. If the indoor environment is not so dusty, it is recommended to clean it once every three months.

After turning on the automatic cleaning mode, the user can leave the room. When cleaning is complete, the unit will automatically enter standby mode.

Outdoor Unit

09/12K

1. Cooling mode:

Working condition and process of cooling mode:

- ① When Tindoor ambient temperature≥Tpreset, unit enters into cooling mode. Indoor fan, outdoor fan and compressor start operation. Indoor fan operates according to set fan speed.
- ② When Tindoor ambient temperature≤Tpreset-2℃, compressor stops operation and outdoor fan will stop 30s later. Indoor fan operates according to set fan speed.
- ③ When Tpreset-2 $^{\circ}$ C < Tindoor ambient temperature < Tpreset, unit operates according to the previous status.

Under cooling mode, 4-way valve is not energized. Temperature setting range is 16~30 °C . If compressor stops because of malfunction in cooling mode, indoor fan and swing motor will work according to the original status.

2. Drying mode

- (1) Working condition and process of drying mode
- ① When Tindoor ambient temperature > Tpreset, unit will be in drying mode. Outdoor fan and compressor start operation while indoor fan will operate at low fan speed.
- ② When Tpreset-2℃ ≤Tindoor ambient temperature≤Tpreset, unit operates according to the previous status.
- ③ When Tindoor ambient temperature < Tpreset-2 $^{\circ}$ C, compressor stops operation and outdoor fan will stop 30s later.
- (3) Protection function: same as in cooling mode.

3. Fan mode

- (1) Under this mode, indoor fan can select different fan speed (except Turbo) or auto fan speed. Compressor, outdoor fan and 4-way valve all stop operation.
- (2) In fan mode, temperature setting range is 16~30°C.

4. Heating mode

Working condition and process of heating mode:

- ① When Tpreset-(Tindoor ambient temperature-Tcompensation)≥1°C, unit enters into heating mode. Compressor, outdoor fan and 4-way valve start operation.
- ② When -2 $^{\circ}$ C < Tpreset-(Tindoor ambient temperature-Tcompensation) < 1 $^{\circ}$ C , unit operates according to the previous status.
- ③ When Tpreset-(Tindoor ambient temperature-Tcompensation)≤-2 $^{\circ}$ C, compressor stops operation and outdoor fan will stop 30s later. Indoor fan will be in residual-heat blowing status.
- When unit is turned off under heating mode or changed to other modes from heating mode, 4-way valve will be power-off 2min after compressor stops working (compressor is in operation status under heating mode).

- ⑤ Under the condition that compressor is turned on, when unit is changed to heating mode from cooling or drying mode, 4-way valve will be energized in 2~3mins delay.

5. Freon recovery mode

After the Freon recovery signal from IDU is received, cooling at rated frequency will be forcibly turned on to recover Freon. Indoor unit will display Fo. If any signal from remote controller is received, unit will exit from Freon recovery mode and indoor unit stops displaying Fo.

6. Compulsory defrosting

If unit is turned on under heating mode and set temperature is 16 $^{\circ}$ C (by remote controller), press "+, -, +, -, +, -" within 5s, unit will enter into compulsory defrosting mode and send the signal to ODU. When the compulsory defrosting signal from ODU is received, IDU will exit from the compulsory defrosting mode and stop sending the signal to ODU.

After ODU receives the compulsory defrosting code, it will start compulsory defrosting. Defrosting frequency and opening angle will be the same as in normal defrosting mode. When compulsory defrosting is finished, the complete unit resumes original status.

7. Auto mode

Auto mode is determined by controller of IDU. See IDU logic for details.

8.8°C heating

Set temperature is 8°C. Display board of IDU displays 8°C. Under this mode, "Cold air prevention" function is shielded.

If compressor is operating under this mode, fan speed will adjust according to auto fan speed; if compressor stops operation under this mode, indoor fan will be in residual-heat blowing status.

When power on, communication light will be blinking in a normal way (after receiving a group of correct signals, blinking stops for 0.2s~0.3s). If theres no communication, communication light will be always on. If other ODU has malfunction, communication light will be on for 1s and off for 1s in a circular way.

18/24K

- 1. Input Parameter Compensation and Calibration
- (1) Check the ambient temperature compensation function Indoor ambient temperature compensation function.
- a. In cooling mode, the indoor ambient temperature participating in computing control = (Tindoor ambient temperature \triangle Tooling indoor ambient temperature compensation)
- b. In heating mode, the indoor ambient temperature participating in computing control= (Tindoor ambient temperature \triangle Theating indoor ambient temperature compensation)

(2) Check effective judgment controls of parameters

Effective judgment function of the outdoor exhaust temperature thermo-bulb When conditions a and b are satisfied, the outdoor exhaust temperature thermo-bulb is judged not to be connected into place, the mainboard of outer units will display failure of the outdoor exhaust temperature thermo-bulb (not connected into place), stop the machine for repairing, and resume the machine by remote controls of ON/OFF.

- a. Judgment of exhaust detection temperature change: After the compressor starts up and runs for 10 minutes, if the compressor frequency $f \ge 40$ Hz, and the rising value Texhaust (Texhaust (after start-up for 10 minutes) Texhaust (before start-up)) <35.6°F, the outdoor exhaust temperature thermo-bulb can be judged not to be connected into place (judging once when the power is on the first time).
- b. Comparative judgment of exhaust detection temperature and condenser detection temperature (Tpipe temperature = Toutdoor pipe temperature in cooling mode, Tpipe temperature = Tindoor pipe temperature in heating mode): After the compressor starts up and runs for 10 minutes, if the compressor frequency $f \ge 40$ Hz, and Tpipe temperature $\ge (Texhaust+37.4)$, the outdoor exhaust temperature thermobulb can be judged not to be connected into place (judging once when power is on the first time).

2. Basic Functions

(1) Cooling Mode

1. Conditions and processes of cooling operation:

- (1) If the compressor is shut down, and [Tsetup (Tindoor ambient temperature \triangle Tcooling indoor ambient temperature compensation)] $\leq 32.9^{\circ}F$, start up the machine for cooling, the cooling operation will start;
- (2) During operations of cooling, if $32^{\circ}F \leq [Tsetup (Tindoor ambient temperature <math>\triangle$ Tooling indoor ambient temperature compensation)] < $35.6^{\circ}F$, the cooling operation will be still running;
- (3) During operations of cooling, if $35.6^{\circ}F \leq [Tsetup (Tindoor ambient temperature <math>\triangle$ Tooling indoor ambient temperature compensation)], the cooling operation will stop after reaching the temperature point.

2. Temperature setting range

- (1) If Toutdoor ambient temperature ≥ [Tlow-temperature cooling temperature], the temperature can be set at: 60.8~86°F (Cooling at room temperature):
- (2) If Toutdoor ambient temperature < [Tlow-temperature cooling temperature], the temperature can be set at: 77~86°F (Cooling at low temperature),

that is, the minimum setting temperature for outer units judgment is 77°F.

(2) Dehumidifying Mode

- 1. Conditions and processes of dehumidifying operations: Same as the cooling mode;
- 2. The temperature setting range is: 60.8~86°F;

(3) Air-supplying Mode

- 1. The compressor, outdoor fans and four-way valves are switched off:
- 2. The temperature setting range is: 60.8~86°F.

(4) Heating Mode

- 1. Conditions and processes of heating operations: (Tindoor ambient temperature is the actual detection temperature of indoor environment thermo-bulb, Theating indoor ambient temperature compensation is the indoor ambient temperature compensation during heating operations)
- (1) If the compressor is shut down, and [(Tindoor ambient temperature \triangle Theating indoor ambient temperature compensation) -Tsetup] $\leq 32.9^{\circ}$ F, start the machine to enter into heating operations for heating;
- (2) During operations of heating, if $32^{\circ}F \leq [(Tindoor\ ambient\ temperature\ \triangle\ Theating\ indoor\ ambient\ temperature\ compensation)\ -Tsetup] < 35.6^{\circ}F$, the heating operation will be still running;
- (3) During operations of heating, if $35.6^{\circ}F \leq [(Tindoor\ ambient\ temperature\ -\ \triangle\ Theating\ indoor\ ambient\ temperature\ compensation)\ -Tsetup], the heating operation will stop after reaching the temperature point.$
- 2. The temperature setting range in this mode is: 60.8~86°F.

3. Special Functions

Defrosting Control

1 Conditions for starting defrosting

After the time for defrosting is judged to be satisfied, if the temperature for defrosting is satisfied after detections for continuous 3minutes, the defrosting operation will start.

2 Conditions of finishing defrosting

The defrosting operation can exit when any of the conditions below is satisfied:

- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{$
- ④ The continuous running time of defrosting reaches [tmax. defrosting time].

4. Control Logic

(1) Compressor Control

Start the compressor after starting cooling, heating, dehumidifying operations, and the outer fans start for 5s; When the machine is shutdown, in safety stops and when switching to air-supplying mode, the compressor will stop immediately. In all modes: once the compressor starts up, it will not be allowed to stop until having run for the [tmin. compressor running time] (Note: including cases of shutdown when the temperature point is reached; except the cases requiring stopping the compressor such as fault protection, remote shutdown, mode switching etc.); In all modes: once the compressor stops, it will be allowed be restart after 3-minute delay (Note: The indoor units have a function of power memory,

the machine can be restarted after remote shutdown and powering up again without delay).

1. Cooling mode

Start the machine to enter into cooling operation for cooling, the compressor is switched on.

2. Dehumidifying mode

Same as the cooling mode.

3. Air-supplying mode

The compressor is switched off.

4. Heating mode

- (1) Start the machine to enter into heating operation for heating, the compressor is switched on.
- (2) Defrosting:
- a. Defrosting starts: the compressor is shut down, and restarts it after 55-second delay.
- b. Defrosting ends: the compressor stops, then starts it after 55-second delay.

(2) Outer Fans Control

Notes:

Only the outer fans run for at least 80s in each air flow speed can the air flow be switched:

After the outer fans run compulsively in high speed for 80s when the machine starts up, control the air flow according to the logic.

After remote shutdown, safety stops, and when the machine stops after reaching the temperature point, as well as after the compressor stops, extend 1 minute, the outer fans will stop (During the period in the 1 minute, the air flow of outer fans can be changed according to the outdoor ambient temperature changes); When running with force, the outdoor fans shall run in the highest air flow.

(3) 4-way valve control

- 1. The 4-way valve control under the modes of Cooling, dehumidification and supplying air: closing;
- 2. The status of 4-way valve control under the heating mode: getting power;
- (1) 4-way valve power control under heating mode
- a. Starts the machine under heating mode, the 4-way valve will get power immediately.
- (2) 4-way valve power turn-off control under heating mode
- a. When you should turn off the power or switch to other mode under heating mode, the power of 4-way valve will be cut after 2 minutes of the compressor stopped.
- b. When all kinds of protection stops, the power of 4-way valve will be cut after delaying 4 minutes.
- (3) Defrosting control under heating mode:
- a. Defrosting begins: The power of 4-way valve will be cut after 50s of entering into the defrosting compressor.
- b. Defrosting stops: The 4-way valve will get power after 50s of exiting the defrosting compressor.

(4) Evaporator frozen-preventing protection function

At the mode of Cooling, dehumidifying:

Evaporator frozen-preventing protection function is allowed to

begin after 6 min of starting the compressor.

1. Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if Tinner pipe> [Tfrozen-preventing frequency-limited temperature (the temperature of hysteresis is 35.6°F)], the machine is only allowed to start for operating, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the frozen-preventing protection: Clear the trouble under the mode of power turn-off / heating, and the protection times are not counted.

2. Frequency limited

[Tfrozen-preventing normal speed frequency-reducing temperature] \leq [Tinner pipe T frozen-preventing frequency-limited temperature], you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

3. Reducing frequency at normal speed:

If [Tfrozen-preventing high speed frequency-reducing temperature] ≤[Tinner pipe T frozen-preventing normal speed frequency-reducing temperature], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit;

4. Reducing frequency at high speed:

If [Tfrozen-preventing power turn-off temperature] \leq T inner pipe [Tfrozen-preventing high speed frequency-reducing temperature] you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit;

5. Power turn-off:

If the Tinner pipe <[Tfrozen-preventing power turn-off temperature], then frozen-preventing protect to stop the machine; If T[frozen-preventing frequency-limited temperature] <Tinner pipe , and the compressor has stopped working for 3 minutes, the whole machine should be allowed to operate.

6. If the frozen-preventing protection power turn-off continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume if the fault keeps on. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the t evaporator frozen-preventing protection times zero clearing time, the times of frozen-preventing power turn-off should be cleared to recount. The mode of stopping the machine or transferring to supply air will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, mode transferring will not clear it).

(5) Overload protection function

Overload protection function at the mode of Cooling and dehumidifying

1. Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if Touter pipe <[TCooling overload frequency-limited temperature] (the temperature of hysteresis is 35.6°F), the machine is allowed to start, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the overload protection: Clear the trouble at the mode of power turnoff / heating, and the protection times are not counted.

2. Frequency limited

If [TCooling overload frequency-limited temperature] \leq [Touter pipe T Cooling overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed], you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

3. Reducing frequency at normal speed and power turn-off:

 $If \ \big[T \text{Cooling overload frequency reducing temperature at high speed} \big] \leq T \ \text{outer pipe} < \ \big[T \text{Cooling} \]$

overload power turn-off temperature], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if [TCooling overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed] < Touter pipe, then Cooling overload protects machine stopping;

4. Reducing frequency at high speed and stop machine:

If [TCooling overload frequency reducing temperature at high speed]≤Touter pipe [TCooling overload power turn-off temperature], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if [TCooling overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed] ≤[T outer pipe], then Cooling overload protects machine stopping;

5. Power turn-off:

If the [Tcooling overload power turn-off temperature] ≤Touter pipe, then Cooling overload protects machine stopping; If [Touter pipe]<[Tcooling overload frequency-limited temperature] and the compressor has been stopped working for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

6. If the Cooling overload protection power turn-off continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume if the fault keeps on. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the t overload protection times zero clearing time, the times of overload protection power turn-off should be cleared to recount. The mode of stopping the machine or transferring to supply air will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, transferring mode will not clear it).

Overload protection function at the mode of heating Starting estimation :

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if T inner pipe T heating overload frequency-limited temperature (the temperature of hysteresis is 35.6°F), the machine is allowed to start, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the overload protection:

Clear the trouble at the mode of power turn-off / heating, and the protection times are not counted.

1. Frequency limited

If [Theating overload frequency-limited temperature] \leq Tinner pipe \leq [Theating overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed], you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

2. Reducing frequency at normal speed and stopping machine:

If T[heating overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed]≤Tinner pipe<[Theating overload frequency reducing temperature at high speed], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if T heating overload frequency reducing temperature at normal speed ≤T inner pipe, then overload protects machine stopping;

3. Reducing frequency at high speed and power turn-off:

If [Theating overload frequency reducing temperature at high speed]≤Tinner pipe<[Theating overload power turn-off temperature], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if T heating overload frequency

reducing temperature at normal speed ≤T outer pipe, then Cooling overload protects machine stopping;

4. Power turn-off:

If the [Theating overload power turn-off temperature] ≤Tinner pipe, then overload protects machine stopping; If T inner pipe T heating overload frequency-limited temperature and the compressor has been stopped working for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

5. If the overload protection power turn-off continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume if the fault keeps on. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the t overload protection times zero clearing time, the times of overload protection power turn-off should be cleared to recount. The mode of stopping the machine or transferring to supply air will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, transferring mode will not clear it). Protective function for discharge temperature of compressor

1. Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if TDischarge <TDischarge limited temperature (the temperature of hysteresis is 35.6°F), the machine is allowed to start, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the discharge temperature:

The machine should be stopped or transferred to supply air, the trouble should be cleared immediately, and the protection times are not counted.

2. Frequency limited

If [TLimited frequency temperature during discharging] <TDischarge<[Tfrequency reducing temperature at normal speed during discharging], you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

3. Reducing frequency at normal speed and stopping machine:

If [Tfrequency reducing temperature at normal speed during discharging] ≤TDischarge<[Tfrequency reducing temperature at high speed during discharging], you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if [Tfrequency reducing temperature at normal speed during discharging] ≤TDischarge, you should discharge to protect machine stopping;

4. Reducing frequency at high speed and power turn-off:

 $\label{thm:continuous} If \ [Threquency reducing temperature at high speed during discharging] $$ \leq TDischarge < [TStop temperature during discharging], you should adjust$

the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if [Tfrequency reducing temperature at normal speed during discharging] ≤TDischarge, you should discharge to protect machine stopping;

5. Power turn-off:

If the [TPower turn-off temperature during discharging] ≤TDischarge, you should discharge to protect machine stopping; If [TDischarge]<[TLimited frequency temperature during discharging] and the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

6. If the discharging temperature protection of compressor continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed

automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the t Protection times clearing of discharge, the discharge protection is cleared to recount. Stopped or transferred to supply air mode will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, mode transferring also will not clear it).

7. Frequency limited

If [|Limited frequency when overcurrent] \leq |AC Electric current \leq [| frequency reducing when overcurrent], you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

8. Reducing frequency:

If [IFrequency reducing when overcurrent] ≤ [IAC Electric current I Power turn-off when overcurrent], you should reduce the compressor frequency till the lower limit or exit the frequency reducing condition;

9. Power turn-off:

If [IPower turn-off machine when overcurrent] ≤ [IAC Electric current], you should carry out the overcurrent stopping protection; If I AC Electric current<[T Limited frequency when overcurrent] and the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

10. If the overcurrent protection continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the [t Protection times clearing of over current], the discharge protection is cleared to recount.

(6) Voltage sag protection

After start the compressor, if the time of DC link Voltage sag [U_{Sagging} protection voltage] is measured to be less than t Voltage sag protection time, the machine should be stop at once, hand on the voltage sag trouble, reboot automatically after 30 minutes.

(7) Communication fault

When you have not received any correct signal from the inner machine in three minutes, the machine will stop for communication fault. When you have not received any correct signal from driver IC (aim to the controller for the separating of main control IC and driver IC), and the machine will stop for communication fault. If the communication is resumed, the machine will be allowed to operate.

(8) Module protection

Testing the module protective signal immediately after started, once the module protective signal is measured, stop the machine with module protection immediately. If the module protection is resumed, the machine will be allowed to operate. If the module protection continuously occurs for three times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. If the running time of compressor exceeds the [t $_{\rm Protection}$ times clearing of module] , the module protection is cleared to recount.

(9) Module overheating protection

1. Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if $T_{\text{Module}} < [T_{\text{Module}}]$ (the temperature of hysteresis is 35.6°F), the machine is allowed to start, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the module overheating protection: The machine should be stopped or transferred to

supply air, the trouble should be cleared immediately, and the protection times are not counted.

2. Frequency limited

If $[T_{Limited frequency temperature of module}] \le T_{Module} < [T_{frequency reducing temperature at normal speed of module}]$, you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

3. Reducing frequency at normal speed and power turn-off:

If $[T_{frequency\ reducing\ temperature\ at\ normal\ speed\ of\ module}] \le T_{Module} < [T_{frequency\ reducing\ temperature\ at\ high\ speed\ of\ module}]$, you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if $[T_{frequency\ reducing\ temperature\ at\ normal\ speed\ of\ module}] \le T_{frequency\ reducing\ temperature\ at\ normal\ speed\ of\ module}]$ overheating protection;

4. Reducing frequency at high speed and power turn-off:

If $[T_{frequency\ reducing\ temperature\ at\ high\ speed\ of\ module}] \le T_{Module} < [T_{Power\ turn-off\ temperature\ of\ module}]$ you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if $[T_{frequency\ reducing\ temperature\ at\ normal\ speed\ of\ module}] \le T_{Module}$, you should stop the machine for module overheating protection:

5. Power turn-off:

If the $[T_{Power\ turn-off\ temperature\ of\ module}] \le T_{Module}$, you should stop the machine for module overheating protection; If $T_{Module} < [T_{Limited}]$ frequency temperature of module] and the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

6. If protection continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the [t Protection times clearing of module], the discharge protection is cleared to recount. Stopped or transferred to supply air mode will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, mode transferring also will not clear it).

(10) Compressor overloads protection

If you measure the compressor overload switch action in 3s, the compressor should be stopped for overloading. The machine should be allowed to operate after overload protection was measured to resume. If the overloading protection continuously occurs for three times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. The protection times of compressor is allowed to clear after the compressor run [t Protection times clearing of compressor overloading] 30 minutes.

(11) Phase current overcurrent protection of compressor

During the running process of compressor, you could measure the phase current of the compressor, and control it according to the following steps:

1. Frequency limited

If [I $_{Limited\ frequency\ phase\ current}] \le$ [I $_{Phase\ current\ T\ frequency\ reducing\ phase\ current}]$, you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

2. Reducing Frequency

If [I Frequency Reducing Phase Current]≤I Phase Current<[I Power Turn-Off Phase Current], the compressor shall continue to reduce frequency till the lowest frequency limit or out of the condition of reducing frequency;

3. Power turn-off

If [I $_{Phase\ Current}$]>[I $_{Power\ Turn-Off\ Phase\ Current}$], the compressor phase current shall stop working for overcurrent protection; if [I $_{Phase\ Current}$]>[I $_{Phase\ Current}$]>[I $_{Phase\ Current}$]>[I $_{Phase\ Current}$]

Frequency Reducing Phase Current], and the compressor have stopped working for 3 min. the machine shall be allowed to operate:

4. If the overcurrent protection of compressor phase current continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the [t $_{\sf Clearing\ Time\ of\ Compressor\ Phase\ Current\ Times}]$, the overcurrent protection is cleared to recount.

(12) Starting-up Failure Protection for Compressor

Stop the compressor after its starting-up fails, restart it after 20s if the fault doesnt shows, and if they are all failing for the successive start 3 times, it shall be reported as Starting-up Failure, and then restart up it after 3 min. When it still not be able to operate through carry out the above process for 5 times, it is available if press ON/ OFF. And the compressor should be cleared the times after it run 2 min.

(13) Out-of-Step Protection for Compressor

The out-of-step protection signal should be detected immediately after starting-up compressor, and once find the out-of-step protection signal, the out-of-step protection shall be stopped; if it can run for lasting power turn-off 3 min, the machine shall be allowed to operate. If it still cant run automatically when the out-of-step protection for compressor happens to stop working for 6 times in succession, it needs to press ON/OFF to operate. And if the running time is more than 10 min, the power turn-off times for out-of-step protection shall be cleared and recounted.

(14) Voltage Abnormity Protection for DC Bus

To detect voltage abnormity protection for dc bus after completing the pre-charge:

1. Over-High Voltage Protection for DC Bus:

If it found the DCbus voltage $U_{DC} > [UDC_{Jiekuangchun\ Protection}]$, turn off PFC and stop the compressor at once, and it shall show the DC over-high voltage failure; it should clear out the failure when the voltage dropped to $U_{DC} < [UDC_{Jiekuangchun\ Recovery}]$ and the compressor stopped for 3 min.

2.Over-Low Voltage Protection for DC Bus:

If it found the DC bus voltage U_{DC} <[$U_{DC \ Wantuochun \ Protection}$], turn off PFC and stop the compressor at once, and it shall show the DC over-low voltage; and it should clear out the failure when the voltage raised to U_{DC} >[$U_{DC \ Wantuochun \ Recovery}$] and the compressor stopped for 3 min.

3.To detect voltage abnormity protect for DC bus when getting electricity:

If it found the DC bus voltage $U_{DC} > [U_{DC} __{Over-High\ Voltage}]$, turn off the relay at once, and shows voltage abnormity failure for DC Bus. And the failure cant recover except to break off and get the electricity.

(15) Abnormity Protection for Four-way Valve

Under the model of heating operation in good condition: the compressor is detected $[T_{Inner\ Tube} < (T_{Inner\ Ring} - T_{Abnormity\ Temperature\ Difference}]$, during the running, it should be regarded as four-way valve reversion abnormity. And then it can run if stop the reversion abnormity protection for four-way valve 3 min; and

if it still cant run when the reversion abnormity protection for fourway valve happens to stop working for 3 times in succession, it is available if presses ON/OFF.

Attention: the protection shall be shielded during the testing mode and defrosting process, and it shall be cleared out the failure and its times immediately when turning off or delivering wind / cooling / dehumidifying mode conversed (the inverted mode dont clear out the failure when it cant recover to operate).

(16) PFC Protection

- 1. After start up the PFC, it should detect the protection signal of PFC immediately; under the condition of PFC protection, it should turn off the PFC and compressor at one time;
- 2. It shows the failure is cleared out if PFC Protection stopped working 3 min and recovers to run automatically;
- 3. If it still cant run when it occurs PFC protection for 3 times in succession, it is available if presses ON/OFF; and clear the PFC Protection times when start up PFC for 10min.

(17) Failure Detection for Sensor

- 1. Outdoor Ambient Sensor: detect the failure of sensor at all times.
- 2. Outdoor Tube Sensor: You should not detect the failure of outdoor tube sensor within 10 minutes heating operation compressor except the defresting, and you could detect
- operation compressor except the defrosting, and you could detect it at other time.
- 3. Outdoor Exhaust Sensor:
- (a) The compressor only detect the sensor failure after it start up 3 min in normal mode;
- (b) It should detect the exhaust sensor failure immediately in the testing mode.
- 4. Module Temperature Sensor:
- (a) Short-Circuit Detection: the compressor should be detected immediately when the module temperature sensor occurs short-circuits;
- (b) Open-Circuit Detection: the compressor should be detected on open-circuit when it runs 3min (it neednt 30s avoiding the module over-heated).
- (c) Detect the sensor failure at all times in the testing mode.
- 5. Disposal for Sensor Protection
- (1) When the short-circuit of sensor is detected within 30s, It is regarded as the temperature of sensor over-high (or infinitely high), and now according to the over-high sensor, the machine should carry out the corresponding protection to stop working, and show the corresponding temperature shutdown protection and sensor failure at the same time (for example: the compressor stops immediately when the outdoor tube sensor short-circuit, and the machine shall show the overload protection and outdoor tube sensor failure).
- (2) When the open-circuit of sensor is detected within 30s, The protection shall be stopped and it shall show the corresponding sensor failure.
- 6. Electric Heating Function of Chassis
- (1) When Toutdoor amb. \leq 32°F , the electric heating of chassis will operate;



- (2) When Toutdoor amb.>35.6 $^{\circ}$ F , the electric heating of chassis will stop operation;
- (3)When 32°F <Toutdoor amb.≤35.6°F, the electric heating of chassis will keep original status.
- 7. Electric Heating Function of Compressor
- (1) When Toutdoor amb.≤≤23°F, compressor stops operation, while the electric heating of compressor starts operation;
- (2) When Toutdoor amb.>28.4°F, the electric heating of compressor stops operation;
- (3) When 23°F <Toutdoor amb.≤28.4°F , the electric heating of compressor will keep original status.
- 6. Electric Heating Function of Chassis
- (1) When Toutdoor amb.≤32°F , the electric heating of chassis will operate;

- (2) When Toutdoor amb.> $35.6^{\circ}F$, the electric heating of chassis will stop operation;
- (3)When 32°F <Toutdoor amb.≤35.6°F, the electric heating of chassis will keep original status.
- 7. Electric Heating Function of Compressor
- (1) When Toutdoor amb.≤≤23°F, compressor stops operation, while the electric heating of compressor starts operation;
- (2) When Toutdoor amb.>28.4°F, the electric heating of compressor stops operation;
- (3) When 23°F <Toutdoor amb.≤28.4°F , the electric heating of compressor will keep original status.

7. Notes for Installation and Maintenance

Safety Precautions: Important!

Please read the safety precautions carefully before installation and maintenance.

The following contents are very important for installation and maintenance.

Please follow the instructions below.

- •The installation or maintenance must accord with the instructions.
- •Comply with all national electrical codes and local electrical codes.
- Pay attention to the warnings and cautions in this manual.
- •All installation and maintenance shall be performed by distributor or qualified person.
- •All electric work must be performed by a licensed technician according to local regulations and the instructions given in this manual.
- •Be caution during installation and maintenance. Prohibit incorrect operation to prevent electric shock, casualty and other accidents.



WARNINGS

Electrical Safety Precautions:

- 1. Cut off the power supply of air conditioner before checking and maintenance.
- 2. The air condition must apply specialized circuit and prohibit share the same circuit with other appliances.
- 3. The air conditioner should be installed in suitable location and ensure the power plug is touchable.
- 4. Make sure each wiring terminal is connected firmly during installation and maintenance.
- 5. Have the unit adequately grounded. The grounding wire can't be used for other purposes.
- 6. Must apply protective accessories such as protective boards, cable-cross loop and wire clip.
- 7. The live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of power supply must be corresponding to the live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of the air conditioner.
- 8. The power cord and power connection wires can't be pressed by hard objects.
- 9. If power cord or connection wire is broken, it must be replaced by a qualified person.
- 10. If the power cord or connection wire is not long enough, please get the specialized power cord or connection wire from the manufacture or distributor. Prohibit prolong the wire by yourself.
- 11. For the air conditioner without plug, an air switch must

be installed in the circuit. The air switch should be all-pole parting and the contact parting distance should be more than 3mm.

- 12. Make sure all wires and pipes are connected properly and the valves are opened before energizing.
- 13. Check if there is electric leakage on the unit body. If yes, please eliminate the electric leakage.
- 14. Replace the fuse with a new one of the same specification if it is burnt down; Don't replace it with a cooper wire or conducting wire.
- 15. If the unit is to be installed in a humid place, the circuit breaker must be installed.

Installation Safety Precautions:

- 1. Select the installation location according to the requirement of this manual.(See the requirements in installation part)
- 2. Handle unit transportation with care; the unit should not be carried by only one person if it is more than 20kg.
- 3. When installing the indoor unit and outdoor unit, a sufficient fixing bolt must be installed; make sure the installation support is firm.
- 4. Ware safety belt if the height of working is above 2m.
- 5. Use equipped components or appointed components during installation.
- 6. Make sure no foreign objects are left in the unit after finishing installation.

Refrigerant Safety Precautions:

- 1. When refrigerant leaks or requires discharge during installation, maintenance, or disassembly, it should be handled by certified professionals or otherwise in compliance with local laws and regulations.
- 2. Avoid contact between refrigerant and fire as it generates poisonous gas; Prohibit prolong the connection pipe by welding.
- 3. Apply specified refrigerant only. Never have it mixed with any other refrigerant. Never have air remain in the refrigerant line as it may lead to rupture or other hazards.
- 4. Make sure no refrigerant gas is leaking out when installation is completed.
- 5. If there is refrigerant leakage, please take sufficient measure to minimize the density of refrigerant.
- 6. Never touch the refrigerant piping or compressor without wearing glove to avoid scald or frostbite.

Improper installation may lead to fire hazard, explosion, electric shock or injury.

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7. Notes for Installation and Maintenance

Safety Precautions for Installing and Relocating the Unit:

To ensure safety, please be mindful of the following precautions.



WARNINGS

1. When installing or relocating the unit, be sure to keep the refrigerant circuit free from air or substances other than the specified refrigerant.

Any presence of air or other foreign substance in the refrigerant circuit will cause system pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

2. When installing or moving this unit, do not charge the refrigerant which is not comply with that on the nameplate or unqualified refrigerant.

Otherwise, it may cause abnormal operation, wrong action, mechanical malfunction or even series safety accident.

3. When refrigerant needs to be recovered during relocating or repairing the unit, be sure that the unit is running in cooling mode. Then, fully close the valve at high pressure side (liquid valve). About 30-40 seconds later, fully close the valve at low pressure side (gas valve), immediately stop the unit and disconnect power. Please note that the time for refrigerant recovery should not exceed 1 minute.

If refrigerant recovery takes too much time, air may be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

4. During refrigerant recovery, make sure that liquid valve and gas valve are fully closed and power is disconnected before detaching the connection pipe.

If compressor starts running when stop valve is open and connection pipe is not yet connected, air will be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

5. When installing the unit, make sure that connection pipe is securely connected before the compressor starts running.

If compressor starts running when stop valve is open and connection pipe is not yet connected, air will be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

6. Prohibit installing the unit at the place where there may be leaked corrosive gas or flammable gas.

If there leaked gas around the unit, it may cause explosion and other accidents.

7. Do not use extension cords for electrical connections. If the electric wire is not long enough, please contact a local service center authorized and ask for a proper electric wire.

Poor connections may lead to electric shock or fire.

8. Use the specified types of wires for electrical connections between the indoor and outdoor units. Firmly clamp the wires so that their terminals receive no external stresses.

Electric wires with insufficient capacity, wrong wire connections and insecure wire terminals may cause electric shock or fire.

7. Notes for Installation and Maintenance

Main Tools for Installation and Maintenance







































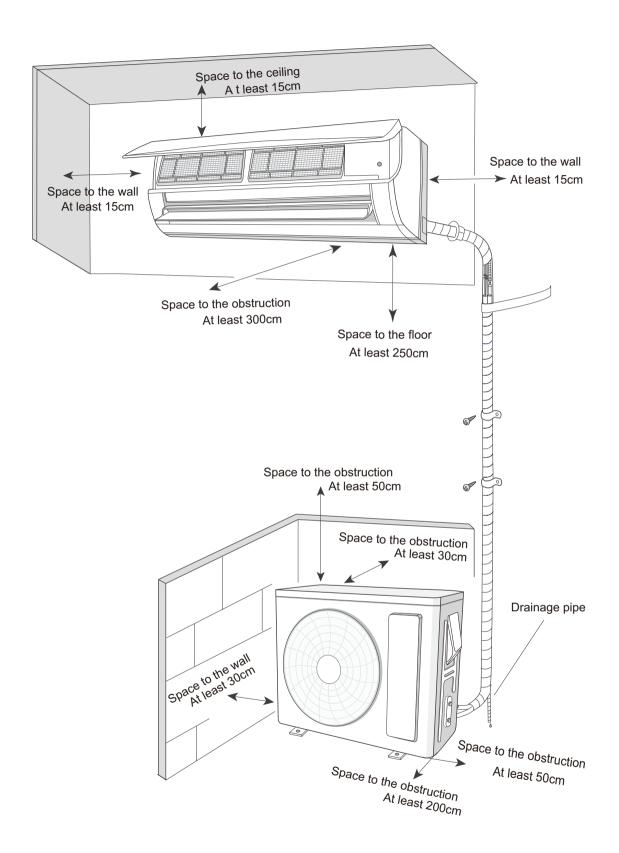




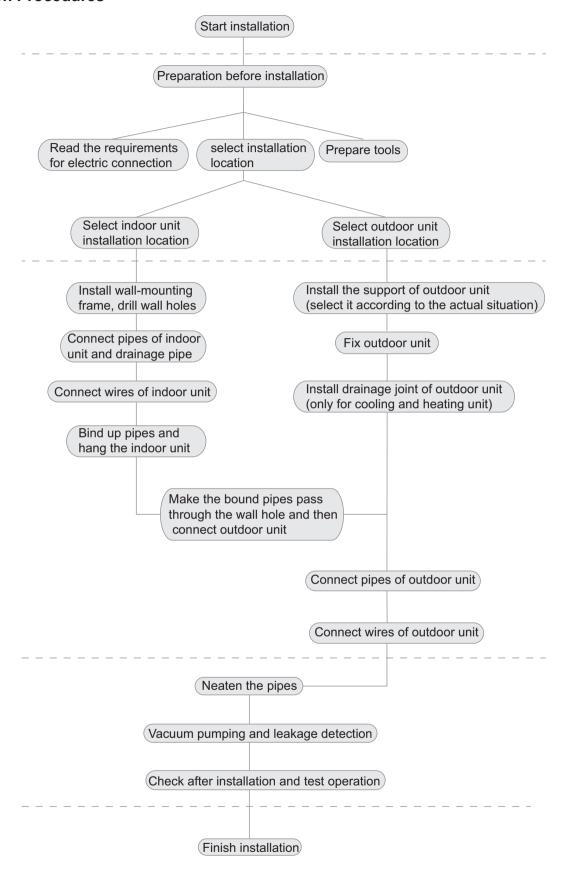


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8.1 Installation Dimension Diagram



Installation Procedures



Note: this flow is only for reference; please find the more detailed installation steps in this section.

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8.2 Installation Parts-checking

| No. | Name | |
|-----|---|--|
| 1 | Indoor unit | |
| 2 | Outdoor unit | |
| 3 | Connection pipe | |
| 4 | Drainage pipe | |
| 5 | Wall-mounting frame | |
| 6 | Connecting cable(power cord) | |
| 7 | Wall pipe | |
| 8 | Sealing gum | |
| 9 | Wrapping tape | |
| 10 | Support of outdoor unit | |
| 11 | Fixing screw | |
| 12 | Drainage plug(cooling and heating unit) | |
| 13 | Owners manual, remote controller | |
| | | |

⚠ Note:

- 1.Please contact the local agent for installation.
- 2.Don't use unqualified power cord.

8.3 Selection of Installation Location

1. Basic Requirement:

Installing the unit in the following places may cause malfunction. If it is unavoidable, please consult the local dealer:

- (1) The place with strong heat sources, vapors, flammable or explosive gas, or volatile objects spread in the air.
- (2) The place with high-frequency devices (such as welding machine, medical equipment).
- (3) The place near coast area.
- (4) The place with oil or fumes in the air.
- (5) The place with sulfureted gas.
- (6) Other places with special circumstances.
- (7) The appliance shall nost be installed in the laundry.
- (8) It's not allowed to be installed on the unstable or motive base structure (such as truck) or in the corrosive environment (such as chemical factory).

2. Indoor Unit:

- (1) There should be no obstruction near air inlet and air outlet.
- (2) Select a location where the condensation water can be dispersed easily andwon't affect other people.
- (3) Select a location which is convenient to connect the outdoor unit and near the power socket.
- (4) Select a location which is out of reach for children.
- (5) The location should be able to withstand the weight of indoor unit and won't increase noise and vibration.
- (6) The appliance must be installed 2.5m above floor.
- (7) Don't install the indoor unit right above the electric appliance.
- (8) Please try your best to keep way from fluorescent lamp.

3. Outdoor Unit:

- (1) Select a location where the noise and outflow air emitted by the outdoor unit will not affect neighborhood.
- (2) The location should be well ventilated and dry, in which the outdoor unit won't be exposed directly to sunlight or strong wind.
- (3) The location should be able to withstand the weight of outdoor

unit.

- (4) Make sure that the installation follows the requirement of installation dimension diagram.
- (5) Select a location which is out of reach for children and far away from animals or plants. If it is unavoidable, please add fence for safety purpose.

8.4 Electric Connection Requirement

1. Safety Precaution

- (1) Must follow the electric safety regulations when installing the unit.
- (2) According to the local safety regulations, use qualified power supply circuit and air switch.
- (3) Make sure the power supply matches with the requirement of air conditioner. Unstable power supply or incorrect wiring may result in electric shock, fire hazard or malfunction. Please install proper power supply cables before using the air conditioner.
- (4) Properly connect the live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of power socket.
- (5) Be sure to cut off the power supply before proceeding any work related to electricity and safety.
- (6) Do not put through the power before finishing installation.
- (7) The temperature of refrigerant circuit will be high, please keep the interconnection cable away from the copper tube.
- (8) The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.

2. Grounding Requirement:

- (1) The air conditioner is I class electric appliance. It must be properly grounding with specialized grounding device by a professional. Please make sure it is always grounded effectively, otherwise it may cause electric shock.
- (2) The yellow-green wire in air conditioner is grounding wire, which can't be used for other purposes.
- (3) The grounding resistance should comply with national electric safety regulations.
- (4) The appliance must be positioned so that the plug is accessible.
- (5) An all-pole disconnection switch having a contact separation of at least 3mm in all poles should be connected in fixed wiring.
- (6) Including an air switch with suitable capacity, please note the following table. Air switch should be included magnet buckle and heating buckle function, it can protect the circuit-short and overload. (Caution: please do not use the fuse only for protect the circuit)

8.5 Installation of Indoor Unit

1. Choosing Installation location

Recommend the installation location to the client and then confirm it with the client.

2. Install Wall-mounting Frame

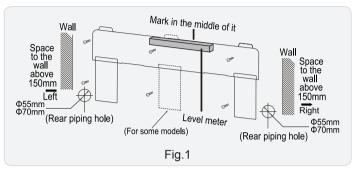
- (1) Hang the wall-mounting frame on the wall; adjust it in horizontal position with the level meter and then point out the screw fixing holes on the wall.
- (2) Drill the screw fixing holes on the wall with impact drill (the specification of drill head should be the same as the plastic expansion particle) and then fill the plastic expansion particles in

the holes.

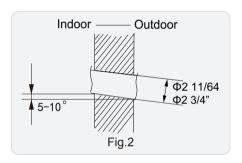
(3) Fix the wall-mounting frame on the wall with tapping screws and then check if the frame is firmly installed by pulling the frame. If the plastic expansion particle is loose, please drill another fixing hole nearby.

3. Install Wall-mounting Frame

(1) Choose the position of piping hole according to the direction of outlet pipe. The position of piping hole should be a little lower than the wall-mounted frame.(As show in Fig.1)



(2) Open a piping hole with the diameter of $\Phi 2$ 3/4" on the selected outlet pipe position.In order to drain smoothly, slant the piping hole on the wall slightly downward to the outdoor side with the gradient of 5-10°. (As show in Fig.2)



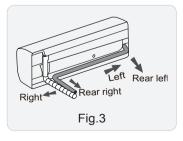
⚠ Note:

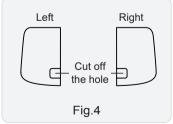
Pay attention to dust prevention and take relevant safety measures when opening the hole.

4. Outlet Pipe

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- (1) The pipe can be led out in the direction of right, rear right, left or rear left. (As show in Fig.3)
- (2) When selecting leading out the pipe from left or right, please cut off the corresponding hole on the bottom case. (As show in Fig.4)



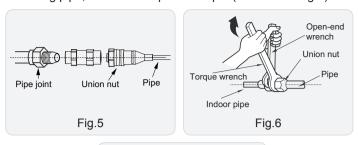


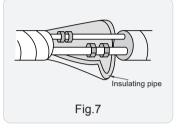
5. Connect the Pipe of Indoor Unit

- (1) Aim the pipe joint at the corresponding bellmouth. (As show in Fig.5)
- (2) Pretightening the union nut with hand.
- (3) Adjust the torque force by referring to the following sheet. Place the open-end wrench on the pipe joint and place the

torque wrench on the union nut. Tighten the union nut with torque wrench. (As show in Fig.6)

(4) Wrap the indoor pipe and joint of connection pipe with insulating pipe, and then wrap it with tape. (As show in Fig.7)



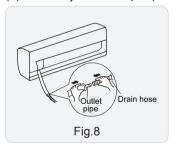


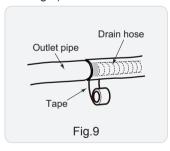
Refer to the following table for wrench moment of force:

| Piping size (inch) | Tightening torque (N⋅m) |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1/4 | 15~20 |
| 3/8 | 30~40 |
| 1/2 | 45~55 |
| 5/8 | 60~65 |
| 3/4 | 70~75 |

6. Install Drain Hose

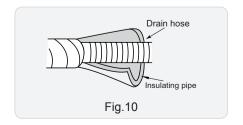
- (1) Connect the drain hose to the outlet pipe of indoor unit. (As show in Fig.8) $\,$
- (2) Bind the joint with tape. (As show in Fig.9)





♠ Note:

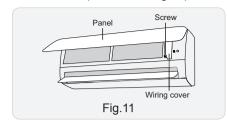
- (1) Add insulating pipe in the indoor drain hose in order to prevent condensation.
- (2) The plastic expansion particles are not provided. (As show in Fig.10)



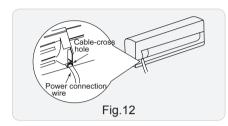
Installation and Maintenance

7. Connect Wire of Indoor Unit

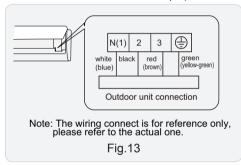
(1) Open the panel, remove the screw on the wiring cover and then take down the cover. (As show in Fig.11)



(2) Make the power connection wire go through the cable-cross hole at the back of indoor unit and then pull it out from the front side. (As show in Fig.12)



(3) Remove the wire clip; connect the power connection wiresignal control wire (only for cooling and heating unit) to the wiring terminal according to the color; tighten the screw and then fix the power connection wire with wire clip. (As show in Fig.13)



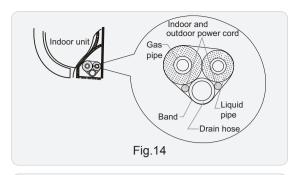
- (4) Put wiring cover back and then tighten the screw.
- (5) Close the panel.

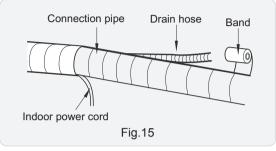
⚠ Note:

- (1) All wires of indoor unit and outdoor unit should be connected by a professional.
- (2) If the length of power connection wire is insufficient, please contact the supplier for a new one. Avoid extending the wire by yourself.
- (3) For the air conditioner with plug, the plug should be reachable after finishing installation.
- (4) For the air conditioner without plug, an air switch must be installed in the line. The air switch should be all-pole parting and the contact parting distance should be more than 3mm.

8. Bind up Pipe

- (1) Bind up the connection pipe, power cord and drain hose with the band. (As show in Fig.14)
- (2) Reserve a certain length of drain hose and power cord for installation when binding them. When binding to a certain degree, separate the indoor power and then separate the drain hose. (As show in Fig.15)
- (3) Bind them evenly.
- (4) The liquid pipe and gas pipe should be bound separately at the end.



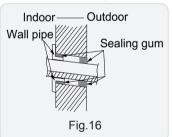


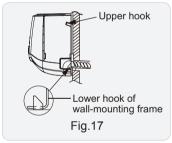
Note:

- (1) The power cord and control wire can't be crossed or winding.
- (2) The drain hose should be bound at the bottom.

9. Hang the Indoor Unit

- (1) Put the bound pipes in the wall pipe and then make them pass through the wall hole.
- (2) Hang the indoor unit on the wall-mounting frame.
- (3) Stuff the gap between pipes and wall hole with sealing gum.
- (4) Fix the wall pipe. (As show in Fig.16)
- (5) Check if the indoor unit is installed firmly and closed to the wall. (As show in Fig.17)





Note: ∧

Do not bend the drain hose too excessively in order to prevent blocking.

8.6 Installation of Outdoor unit

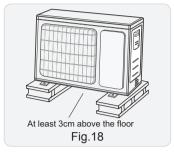
- 1. Fix the Support of Outdoor Unit(Select it according to the actual installation situation)
- (1) Select installation location according to the house structure.
- (2) Fix the support of outdoor unit on the selected location with expansion screws.

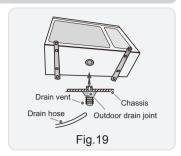
⚠ Note:

- (1) Take sufficient protective measures when installing the outdoor unit.
- (2) Make sure the support can withstand at least four times the unit weight.
- (3) The outdoor unit should be installed at least 3cm above the floor in order to install drain joint.(As show in Fig.18)

8. Installation

(4) For the unit with cooling capacity of 2300W~5000W, 6 expansion screws are needed; for the unit with cooling capacity of 6000W~8000W, 8 expansion screws are needed; for the unit with cooling capacity of 10000W~16000W, 10 expansion screws are needed.



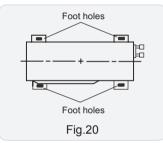


2. Install Drain Joint(Only for cooling and heating unit)

- (1) Connect the outdoor drain joint into the hole on the chassis.
- (2) Connect the drain hose into the drain vent.(As show in Fig.19)

3. Fix Outdoor Unit

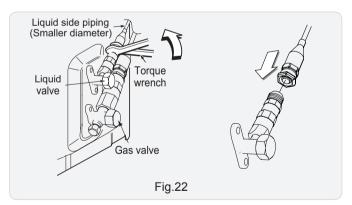
- (1) Place the outdoor unit on the support.
- (2) Fix the foot holes of outdoor unit with bolts.(As show in Fig.20)





4. Connect Indoor and Outdoor Pipes

- (1) Remove the screw on the right handle of outdoor unit and then remove the handle. (As show in Fig.21)
- (2) Remove the big hanging ring.
- (3) Remove the protective rubber plug of the valve.



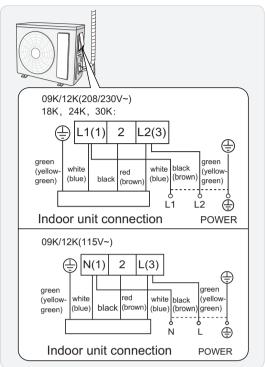
(4) Adjust the connecting pipe. Connect the female connector of the pipe to the male connector of the unit. (Note: connect the small pipe first)

Refer to the following table for wrench moment of force:

| Piping size (inch) | Tightening torque (N⋅m) |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1/4 | 15~20 |
| 3/8 | 30~40 |
| 1/2 | 45~55 |
| 5/8 | 60~65 |
| 3/4 | 70~75 |

5. Connect Outdoor Electric Wire

(1) Remove the wire clip; connect the power connection wire and signal control wire (only for cooling and heating unit) to the wiring terminal according to the color; fix them with screws. (As show in Fig 23)

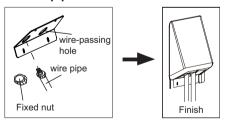


Note: the wiring connect is for reference only, please refer to the actual one.

⚠ Note:

- (1) After tightening the screw, pull the power cord slightly to check if it is firm.
- (2) Never cut the power connection wire to prolong or shorten the distance.
- (3) The connecting wire and connection pipe cannnot touch each other.
- (4) Top cover of outdoor unit and electric box assembly should be fixed by the screw. Otherwise, it can cause a fire, or short circuit caused by water or dust.

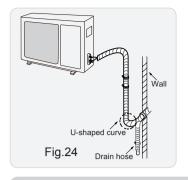
Install the over line pipe

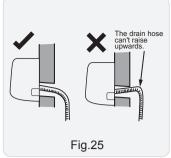


6. Neaten the Pipes

- (1) The pipes should be placed along the wall, bent reasonably and hidden possibly. Min. semidiameter of bending the pipe is 10cm.
- (2) If the outdoor unit is higher than the wall hole, you must set a U-shaped curve in the pipe before pipe goes into the room, in order to prevent rain from getting into the room. (As show in Fig.24)

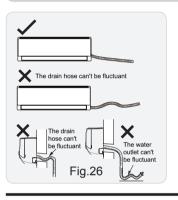
8. Installation





⚠ Note:

- (1) The through-wall height of drain hose shouldnt be higher than the outlet pipe hole of indoor unit.(As show in Fig.25)
- (2) Slant the drain hose slightly downwards. The drain hose can't be curved, raised and fluctuant, etc.(As show in Fig.26)
- (3) The water outlet can't be placed in water in order to drain smoothly.(As show in Fig.27)

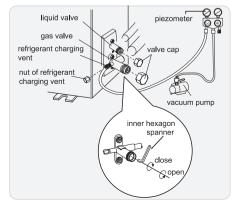




8.7 Test and operation

Use vacuum pump

- 1.Remove the valve caps on the liquid valve and gas valve and the nut of refrigerant charging vent.
- 2. Connect the charging hose of piezometer to the refrigerant charging vent of gas valve and then connect the other charging hose to the vacuum pump.
- 3 . Open the piezometer completely and operate for 10-15min to check if the pressure of piezometer remains in -0.1MPa.
- 4. Close the vacuum pump and maintain this status for 1-2min to check if the pressure of piezometer remains in -0.1MPa. If the pressure decreases, there may be leakage.
- 5. Remove the piezometer, open the valve core of liquid valve and gas valve completely with inner hexagon spanner.
- 6. Tighten the screw caps of valves and refrigerant charging vent.
- 7. Reinstall the handle.



8.8 Leakage Detection

(1) With leakage detector:

Check if there is leakage with leakage detector.

(2) With soap water:

If leakage detector is not available, please use soap water for leakage detection. Apply soap water at the suspected position and keep the soap water for more than 3min. If there are air bubbles coming out of this position, There's a leakage.

8.9 Check after Installation and Test operation

1. Check after Installation

Check according to the following requirement after finishing installation.

| NO. | Items to be checked | Possible malfunction |
|-----|--|---|
| 1 | Has the unit been installed firmly? | The unit may drop, shake or emit noise. |
| 2 | Have you done the refrigerant leakage test? | It may cause insufficient cooling (heating) capacity. |
| 3 | Is heat insulation of pipeline sufficient? | It may cause condensation and water dripping. |
| 4 | Is water drained well? | It may cause condensation and water dripping. |
| 5 | Is the voltage of power supply according to the voltage marked on the nameplate? | It may cause malfunction or damage the parts. |
| 6 | Is electric wiring and pipeline installed correctly? | It may cause malfunction or damage the parts. |
| 7 | Is the unit grounded securely? | It may cause electric leakage. |
| 8 | Does the power cord follow the specification? | It may cause malfunction or damage the parts. |
| 9 | Is there any obstruction in air inlet and air outlet? | It may cause insufficient cooling (heating) capacity. |
| 10 | The dust and sundries caused during installation are removed? | It may cause malfunction or damaging the parts. |
| 11 | The gas valve and liquid valve of connection pipe are open completely? | It may cause insufficient cooling (heating) capacity. |
| 12 | Is the inlet and outlet of piping hole been covered? | It may cause insufficient cooling(heating) capacity or waster eletricity. |
| | | |

2. Test Operation

- (1) Preparation of test operation
- The client approves the air conditioner installation.
- Specify the important notes for air conditioner to the client.
- (2) Method of test operation
- Put through the power, press ON/OFF button on the remote controller to start operation.
- Press MODE button to select AUTO, COOL, DRY, FAN and HEAT to check whether the operation is normal or not.
- If the ambient temperature is lower than 16° C , the air conditioner can't start cooling.

9.1 Error Code List

| No. | Malfunction Name | Display Method of Indoor Unit Dual-8 Code Display | A/C status | Possible Causes |
|-----|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | High pressure protection of system | E1 | During cooling and drying operation, except indoor fan operates, all loads stop operation. During heating operation, the complete unit stops. | Possible reasons: 1. Refrigerant was superabundant; 2. Poor heat exchange (including filth blockage of heat exchanger and bad radiating environment); Ambient temperature is too high. |
| 2 | Low pressure protection of system | E3 | The Dual-8 Code Display will show E3 until the low pressure switch stop operation. | |
| 3 | High discharge temperature protection of compressor | E4 | During cooling and drying operation, compressor and outdoor fan stop while indoor fan operates. During heating operation, all loads stop. | Please refer to the malfunction analysis (discharge protection, overload). |
| 4 | Overcurrent protection | E5 | During cooling and drying operation, compressor and outdoor fan stop while indoor fan operates. During heating operation, all loads stop. | 2. Supply voltage is too low and load is |
| 5 | Communication Malfunction | E6 | During cooling operation, compressor stops while indoor fan motor operates. During heating operation, the complete unit stops. | |
| 6 | High temperature resistant protection | E8 | During cooling operation: compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate. During heating operation, the complete unit stops. | Refer to the malfunction analysis (overload, high temperature resistant). |
| 7 | EEPROM malfunction | EE | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop | Replace outdoor control panel AP1 |
| 8 | Limit/decrease frequency due to high temperature of module | EU | All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased | Discharging after the complete unit is de- energized for 20mins, check whether the thermal grease on IPM Module of outdoor control panel AP1 is sufficient and whether the radiator is inserted tightly. If it's no use, please replace control panel AP1. |
| 9 | Malfunction protection of jumper cap | C5 | Wireless remote receiver and button are effective, but can not dispose the related command | No jumper cap insert on mainboard. Incorrect insert of jumper cap. Jumper cap damaged. Abnormal detecting circuit of mainboard. |
| 10 | Gathering refrigerant | Fo | When the outdoor unit receive signal of Gathering refrigerant ,the system will be forced to run under cooling mode for gathering refrigerant | Nominal cooling mode |
| 11 | Indoor ambient temperature sensor is open/short circuited | F1 | During cooling and drying operation, indoor unit operates while other loads will stop; during heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation. | 2. Components in mainboard fell down |

| No. | Malfunction Name | Display Method of Indoor Unit Dual-8 Code Display | A/C status | Possible Causes |
|-----|--|--|---|--|
| 12 | Indoor evaporator temperature sensor is open/short circuited | F2 | AC stops operation once reaches the setting temperature. Cooling, drying: internal fan motor stops operation while other loads stop operation; heating: AC stop operation | 2. Components on the mainboard fall |
| 13 | Outdoor ambient temperature sensor is open/short circuited | F3 | | Outdoor temperature sensor hasn't been connected well or is damaged. Please check it by referring to the resistance table for temperature sensor) |
| 14 | Outdoor condenser temperature sensor is open/short circuited | F4 | | Outdoor temperature sensor hasn't been connected well or is damaged. Please check it by referring to the resistance table for temperature sensor) |
| 16 | Outdoor discharge temperature sensor is open/short circuited | F5 | compressor will sop after operating for about 3 mins, while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete | 1.Outdoor temperature sensor hasn't been connected well or is damaged. Please check it by referring to the resistance table for temperature sensor) 2.The head of temperature sensor hasn't been inserted into the copper tube |
| 17 | Limit/decrease frequency due to overload | F6 | All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased | Refer to the malfunction analysis (overload, high temperature resistant) |
| 18 | Decrease frequency due to overcurrent | F8 | All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased | The input supply voltage is too low; System pressure is too high and overload |
| 19 | Decrease frequency due to high air discharge | F9 | All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased | Overload or temperature is too high; Refrigerant is insufficient; Malfunction of electric expansion valve (EKV) |
| 20 | Limit/decrease frequency due to antifreezing | FH | All loads operate normally, while operation frequency for compressor is decreased | Poor air-return in indoor unit or fan speed is too low |
| 21 | Voltage for DC bus- bar is too high | РН | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation. | 1. Measure the voltage of position L and N on wiring board (XT), if the voltage is higher than 265VAC, turn on the unit after the supply voltage is increased to the normal range. 2.If the AC input is normal, measure the voltage of electrolytic capacitor C on control panel (AP1), if it's normal, There's malfunction for the circuit, please replace the control panel (AP1) |
| 22 | Voltage of DC busbar is too low | PL | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop | 1. Measure the voltage of position L and N on wiring board (XT), if the voltage is higher than 150VAC, turn on the unit after the supply voltage is increased to the normal range. 2.If the AC input is normal, measure the voltage of electrolytic capacitor C on control panel (AP1), if it's normal, There's malfunction for the circuit, please replace the control panel (AP1) |

| No. | Malfunction Name | Display Method of Indoor Unit Dual-8 Code Display | A/C status | Possible Causes |
|-----|--|--|---|---|
| 23 | Compressor Min frequence in test state | P0 | | Showing during min. cooling or min. heating test |
| 24 | Compressor rated frequence in test state | P1 | | Showing during nominal cooling or nominal heating test |
| 25 | Compressor maximum frequence in test state | P2 | | Showing during max. cooling or max. heating test |
| 26 | Compressor intermediate frequence in test state | P3 | | Showing during middle cooling or middle heating test |
| 27 | Overcurrent protection of phase current for compressor | P5 | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation. | Refer to the malfunction analysis (IPM protection, loss of synchronism protection and overcurrent protection of phase current for compressor. |
| 28 | Charging malfunction of capacitor | PU | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop | Refer to the part three—charging malfunction analysis of capacitor |
| 29 | Malfunction of module temperature sensor circuit | P7 | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop | Replace outdoor control panel AP1 |
| 30 | Module high temperature protection | P8 | stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop | After the complete unit is de-energized for 20mins, check whether the thermal grease on IPM Module of outdoor control panel AP1 is sufficient and whether the radiator is inserted tightly. If it's no use, please replace control panel AP1. |
| 31 | Overload protection for compressor | Н3 | compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; | 1. Wiring terminal OVC-COMP is loosened. In normal state, the resistance for this terminal should be less than 10hm. 2.Refer to the malfunction analysis (discharge protection, overload) |
| 32 | IPM protection | H5 | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation. | Refer to the malfunction analysis (IPM protection, loss of synchronism protection and overcurrent protection of phase current for compressor. |
| 33 | Module temperature is too high | P8 | During cooling and drying operation, compressor and outdoor fan stop while indoor fan operates. During heating operation, all loads stop. | Radiating grease on IPM module of outdoor unit main board is not enough; screws have not been fixed tightly; Hardware malfunction of outdoor unit main board; |
| 34 | Internal motor (fan motor) do not operate | Н6 | Internal fan motor, external fan motor, compressor and electric heater stop operation,guide louver stops at present location. | Bad contact of DC motor feedback terminal. Bad contact of DC motor control end. Fan motor is stalling. Motor malfunction. Malfunction of mainboard revdetecting circuit. |
| 35 | Desynchro-nizing of compressor | Н7 | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation. | Refer to the malfunction analysis (IPM protection, loss of synchronism protection and overcurrent protection of phase current for compressor. |

| No. | Malfunction Name | Display Method of Indoor Unit Dual-8 Code Display | A/C status | Possible Causes |
|-----|---|--|---|---|
| 36 | Outdoor DC fan motor malfunction | L3 | Outdoor DC fan motor malfunction lead to compressor stop operation, | DC fan motor malfunction or system blocked or the connector loosed |
| 37 | power protection | L9 | compressor stop operation and Outdoor fan motor will stop 30s latter, 3 minutes latter fan motor and compressor will restart | |
| 38 | Indoor unit and outdoor unit doesn't match | LP | compressor and Outdoor fan motor can't work | Indoor unit and outdoor unit doesn't match |
| 39 | Failure start-up | LC | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation. | Refer to the malfunction analysis |
| 40 | Cold air prevention protection | E9 | | Not the error code. It's the status code for the operation. |
| 41 | Anti-freezing rotection for evaporator | E2 | | Not the error code. It's the status code for the operation. |
| 42 | Malfunction of phase current detection circuit for compressor | U1 | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop | Replace outdoor control panel AP1 |
| 43 | Malfunction of voltage dropping for DC busbar | U3 | During cooling and drying operation, compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operation, the complete unit will stop | Supply voltage is unstable |
| 44 | Malfunction of complete unit's current detection | U5 | During cooling and drying operation, the compressor will stop while indoor fan will operate; During heating operating, the complete unit will stop operation. | There's circuit malfunction on outdoor unit control panel AP1, please replace the |
| 45 | The four-way valve is abnormal | U7 | If this malfunction occurs during heating operation, the complete unit will stop operation. | 1.Supply voltage is lower than AC175V; 2.Wiring terminal 4V is loosened or broken; 3.4V is damaged, please replace 4V. |
| 46 | Malfunction of zero- cross detection circuit | U8 | The complete unit stops | 1.Power supply is abnormal; 2.Detection circuit of indoor control mainboard is abnormal. |
| 47 | Malfunction of detecting plate(WIFI) | JF | Loads operate normally, while the unit can't be normally controlled by APP. | Main board of indoor unit is damaged; Detection board is damaged; The connection between indoor unit and detection board is not good; |
| 48 | Refrigerant recovery mode | Fo | | Refrigerant recovery. The Serviceman operates it for maintenance. |
| 49 | Undefined outdoor unit error | οE | Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stop operation. | 1. Outdoor ambient temperature exceeds the operation range of unit (eg: less than-20°C or more than 60°C for cooling; more than 30°C for heating); |

9.2 Procedure of Troubleshooting

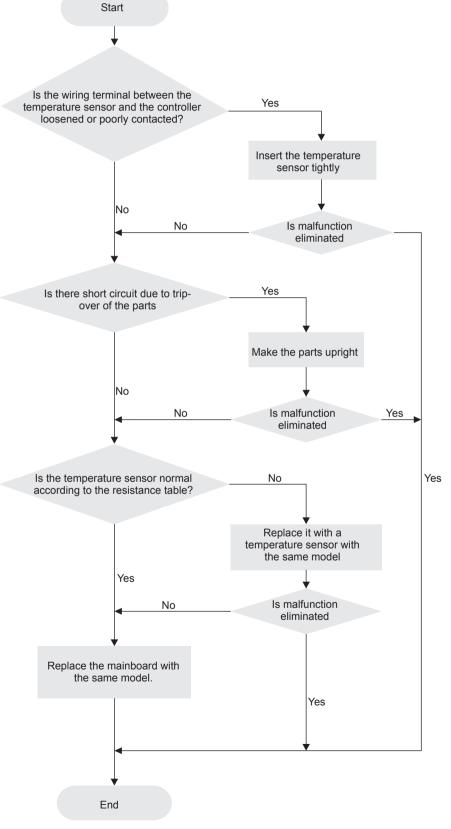
• Indoor unit:

1. Malfunction of Temperature Sensor F1, F2

Main detection points:

- Is the wiring terminal between the temperature sensor and the controller loosened or poorly contacted?
- Is there short circuit due to trip-over of the parts?
- Is the temperature sensor broken?
- Is mainboard broken?

Malfunction diagnosis process:

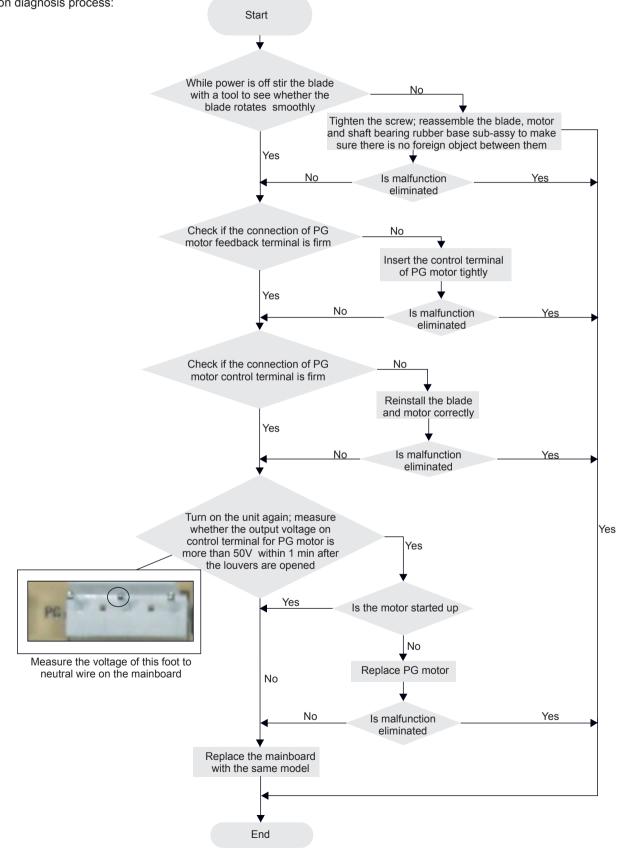


2. Malfunction of Blocked Protection of IDU Fan Motor H6

Main detection points:

- SmoothlyIs the control terminal of PG motor connected tightly?
- SmoothlyIs the feedback interface of PG motor connected tightly?
- The fan motor can't operate?
- The motor is broken?
- Detectioncircuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal?

Malfunction diagnosis process:

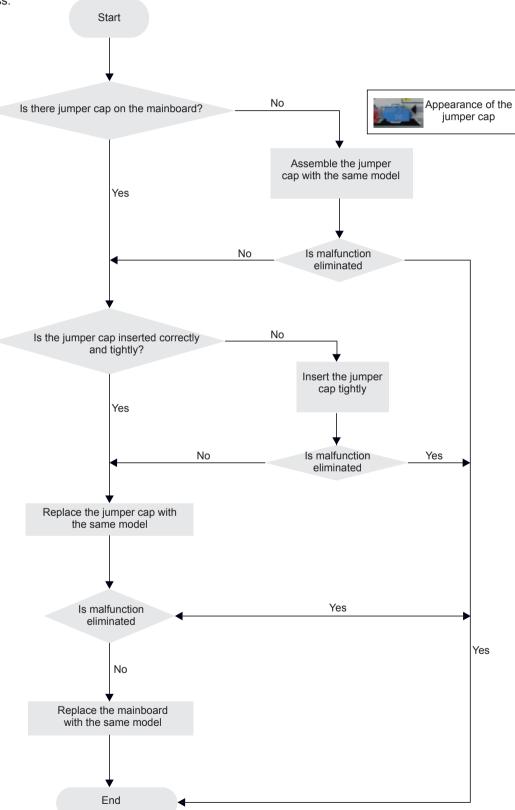


3. Malfunction of Protection of Jumper Cap C5

Main detection points:

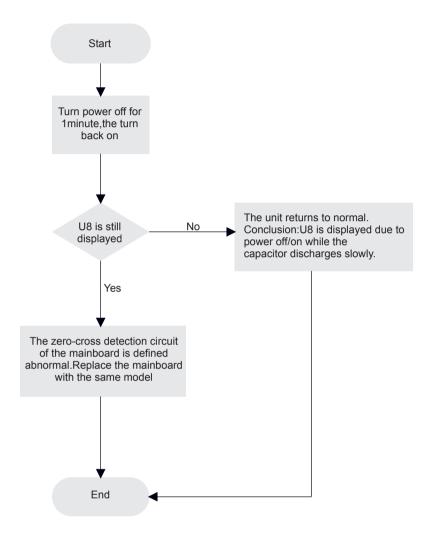
- Is there jumper cap on the mainboard?
- Is the jumper cap inserted correctly and tightly?
- The jumper is broken?
- The motor is broken?
- Detection circuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal?

Malfunction diagnosis process:

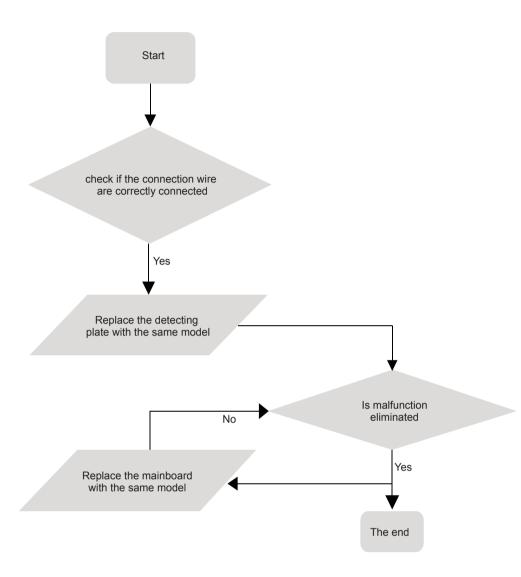


4. Malfunction of Zero-crossing Inspection Circuit Malfunction of the IDU Fan Motor U8 Main detection points:

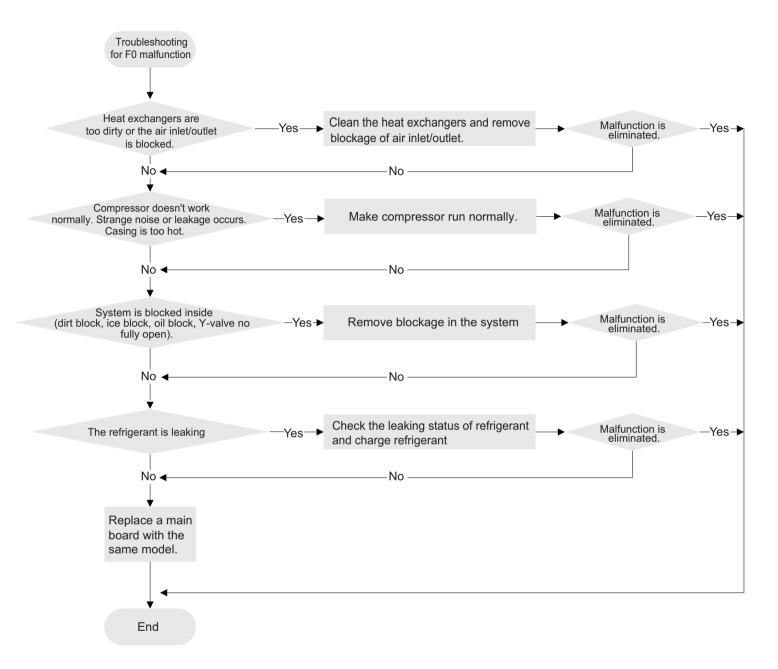
- Instant energization afte de-energization while the capacitordischarges slowly?
- The zero-cross detectioncircuit of the mainboard is defined abnormal? Malfunction diagnosis process:



5. Malfunction of detecting plate(WIFI) JF



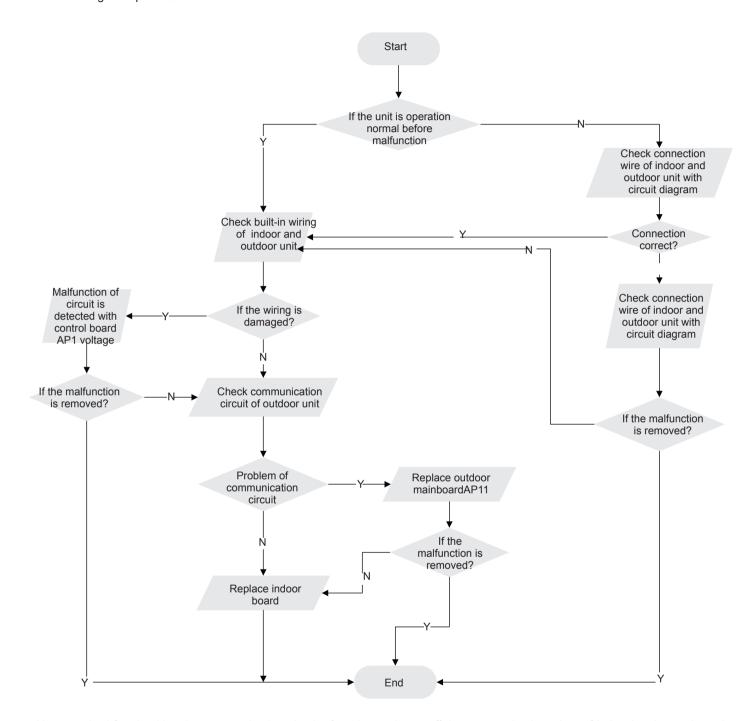
6. Malfunction of Insufficient fluorine protection F0



7. Communication malfunction E6

Main detection points:

- Check if the connection wire and the built-in wiring of indoor and outdoor unit are connected well and without damage;
- If the communication circuit of indoor mainboard is damaged? If the communication circuit of outdoor mainboard (AP1) is damaged? Malfunction diagnosis process:



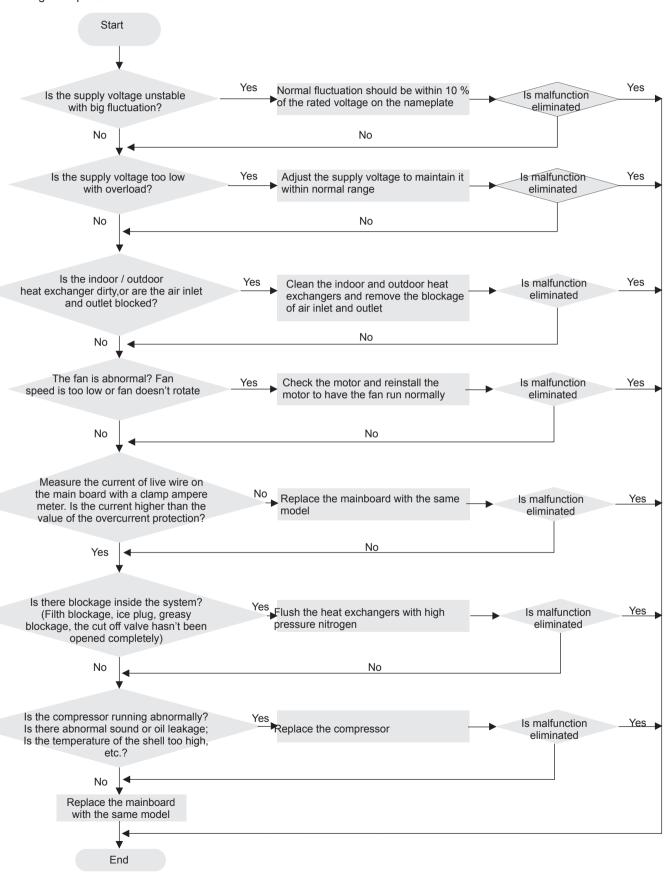
Note: method for checking the communication circuit of outdoor unit: cut off the communication wires of indoor/outdoor unit, and then measure the voltage between COM and N of the control board of outdoor unit (DC notch, about 56V)

8. Malfunction of Overcurrent Protection E5

Main detection points:

- Is the supply voltage unstable with big fluctuation?
- Is the supply voltage too low with overload?
- Hardware trouble?

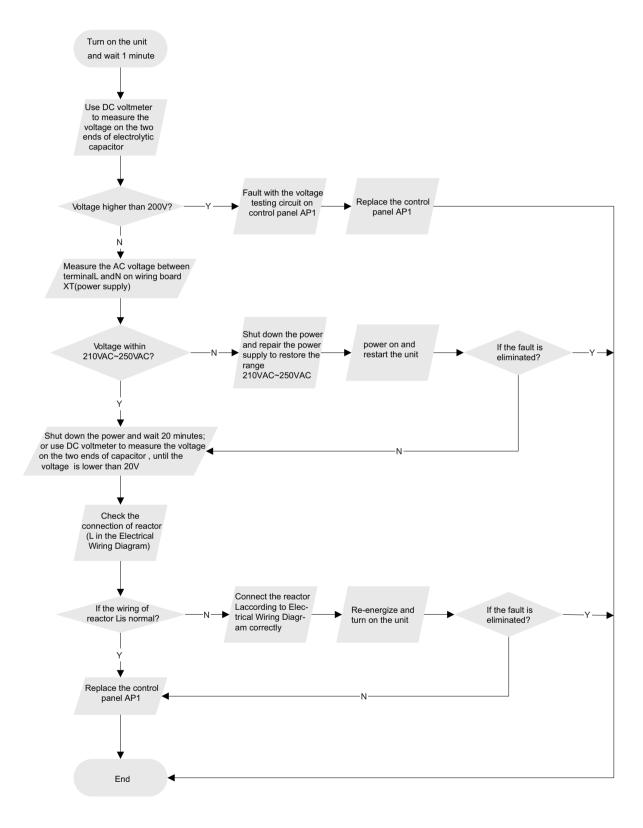
Malfunction diagnosis process:



Outdoor unit:

- 1. Capacitor charge fault (Fault with outdoor unit) (AP1 below refers to the outdoor control panel)

 Main Check Points:
- •Use AC voltmeter to check if the voltage between terminal L and N on the wiring board is within 210VAC~240VAC.
- •Is the reactor (L) correctly connected? Is the connection loose or fallen? Is the reactor (L) damaged? Fault diagnosis process:

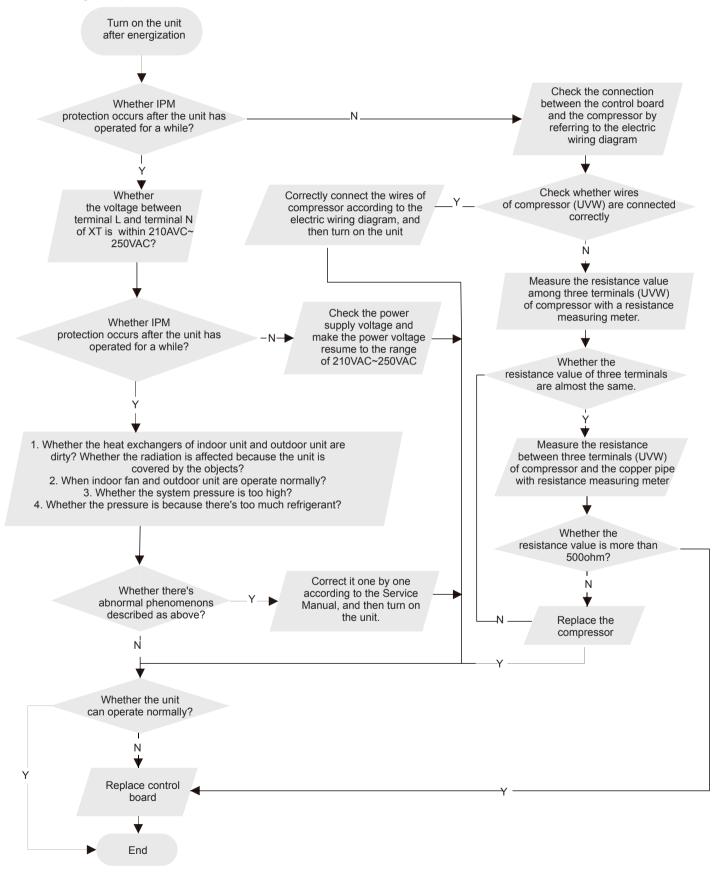


2. IPM protection H5, over-phase current of compressor P5 (AP1 hereinafter refers to the control board of the outdoor unit)

Main detection points:

(1) compressor COMP terminal (2) power supply voltage (3) compressor (4) charging amount of refrigerant (5) air inlet and air outlet of indoor/outdoor unit

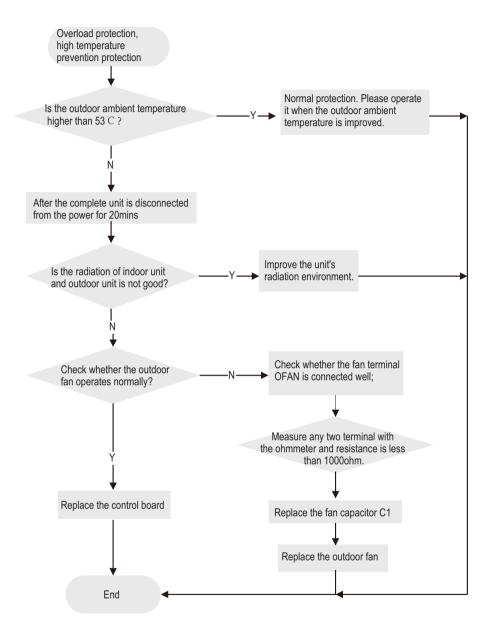
Malfunction diagnosis process:



3. High temperature and overload protection (E8)(AP1 below means control board of outdoor unit)

Main detection points:

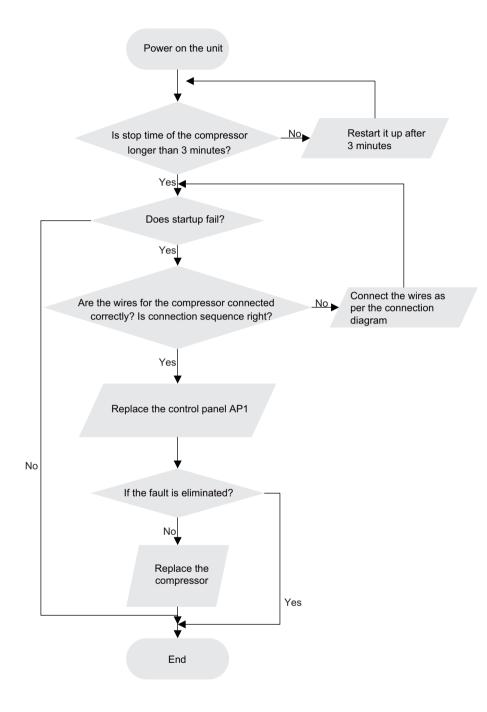
(1) outdoor temperature (2) fan (3)air inlet and air outlet of indoor/outdoor unit Malfunction diagnosis process:



4. Start-up failure LC (following AP1 for outdoor unit control board)

Main detection points:

(1) compressor wire (2) compressor (3) charging amount of refrigerant Malfunction diagnosis process:

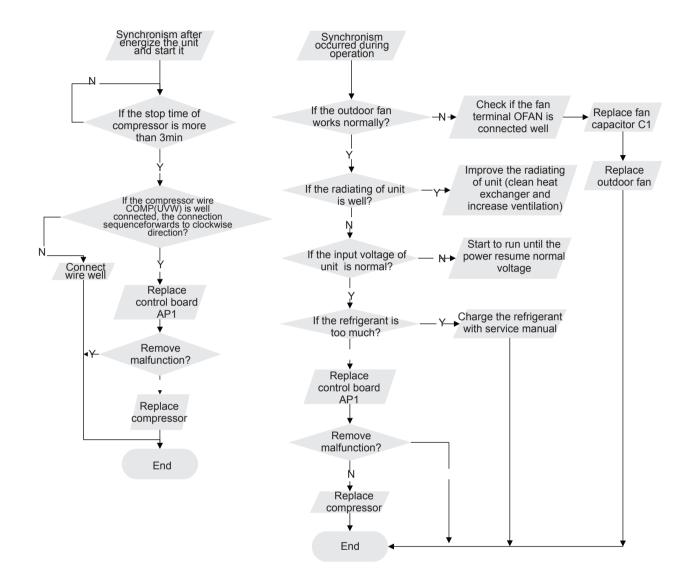


5. Desynchronization diagnosis for compressor H7 (AP1 hereinafter refers to the control board of the outdoor unit)

Main detection points:

(1) system pressure (2) power supply voltage

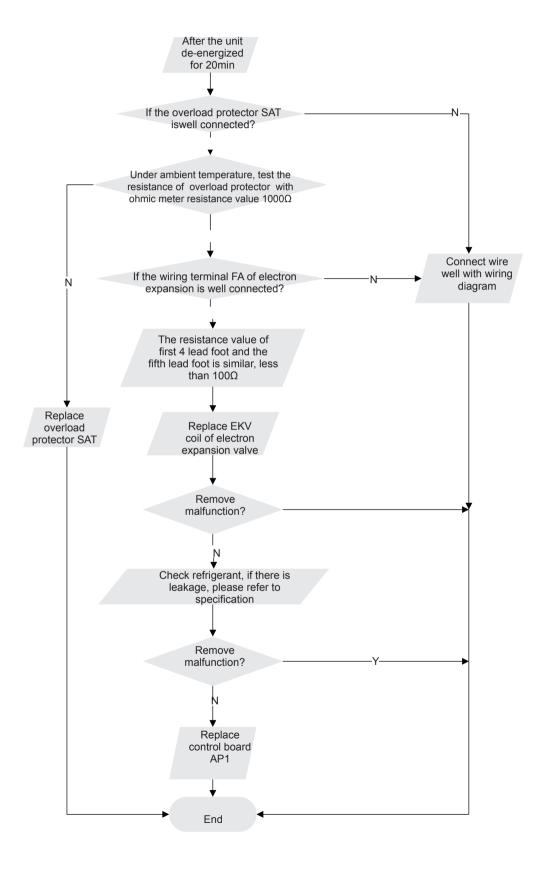
Malfunction diagnosis process:



6. Overload protection of compressor H3, high discharge temperature protection of compressor E4 (AP1 hereinafter refers to the control board of the outdoor unit)

Main detection points:

(1) electronic expansion valve (2) expansion valve terminal (3) charging amount of refrigerant (4) overload protector Malfunction diagnosis process:



7 Communication malfunction: (following AP1 for outdoor unit control board)

Mainly detect:

- •Is there any damage for the indoor unit mainboard communication circuit? Is communication circuit damaged?
- •Detect the indoor and outdoor units connection wire and indoor and outdoor units inside wiring is connect well or not, if is there any damage?

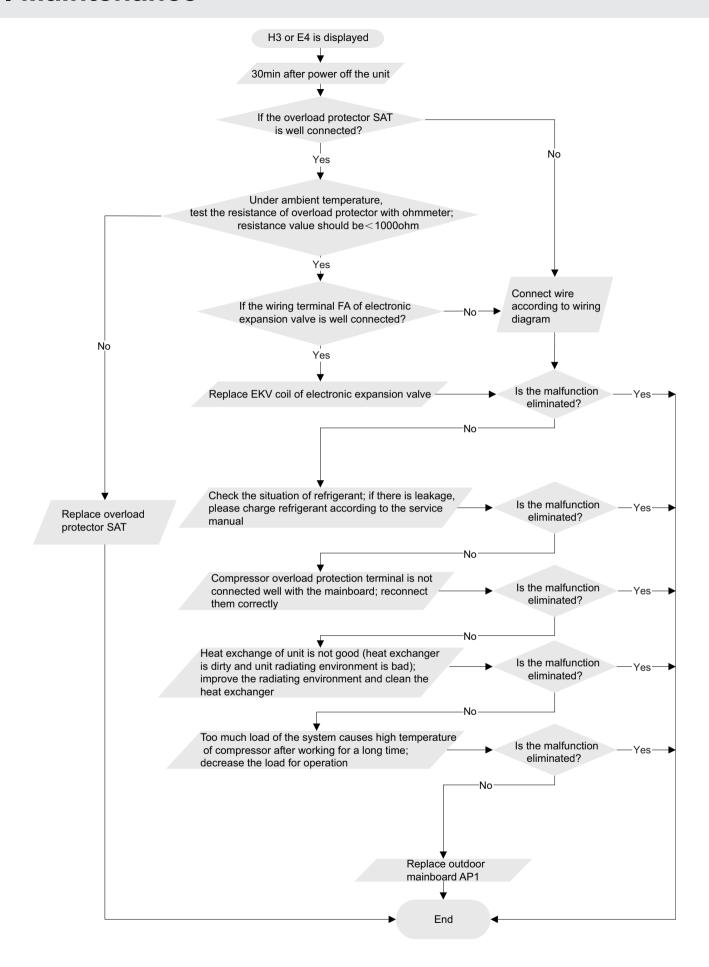
Fault diagnosis process:



8. Overload and high discharge temperature malfunction

Main detection points:

- If the electronic expansion valve is connected well? Is the electronic expansion valve damaged?
- If the refrigerant is leaked?
- The compressor overload protection terminal is not connected well with the mainboard?
- If the overload protector is damaged?
- Heat exchange of unit is not good? (heat exchanger is dirty and unit radiating environment is bad)
- Too much load of the system causes high temperature of compressor after working for a long time?
- Malfunction of discharge temperature sensor?



9.3 Troubleshooting for Normal Malfunction

1. Air Conditioner can't be Started Up

| Possible Causes | Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status) | Troubleshooting |
|---|---|--|
| No power supply, or poor connection for power plug | After energization, operation indicator isnt bright | Confirm whether it's due to power failure. If yes, wait for power recovery. If not, check power supply circuit and make sure the power plug is connected well. |
| Wrong wire connection between indoor unit and outdoor unit, or poor connection for wiring terminals | Under normal power supply circumstances, operation indicator isnt bright after energization | Check the circuit according to circuit diagram and connect wires correctly. Make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly |
| Electric leakage for air conditioner | After energization, room circuit breaker trips off at once | Make sure the air conditioner is grounded reliably Make sure wires of air conditioner is connected correctly Check the wiring inside air conditioner. Check whether the insulation layer of power cord is damaged; if yes, place the power cord. |
| Model selection for air switch is improper | After energization, air switch trips off | Select proper air switch |
| Malfunction of remote controller | After energization, operation indicator is bright, while no display on remote controller or buttons have no action. | Replace batteries for remote controller Repair or replace remote controller |

2. Poor Cooling (Heating) for Air Conditioner

| Possible Causes | Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status) | Troubleshooting |
|--|---|---|
| Set temperature is improper | Observe the set temperature on remote controller | Adjust the set temperature |
| Rotation speed of the IDU fan motor is set too low | Small wind blow | Set the fan speed at high or medium |
| Filter of indoor unit is blocked | Check the filter to see it's blocked | Clean the filter |
| Installation position for indoor unit and outdoor unit is improper | Check whether the installation postion is proper according to installation requirement for air conditioner | Adjust the installation position, and install the rainproof and sunproof for outdoor unit |
| Refrigerant is leaking | Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Units pressure is much lower than regulated range | Find out the leakage causes and deal with it. Add refrigerant. |
| Malfunction of 4-way valve | Blow cold wind during heating | Replace the 4-way valve |
| Malfunction of capillary | Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Unitt pressure is much lower than regulated range. If refrigerant isnt leaking, part of capillary is blocked | Replace the capillary |
| Flow volume of valve is insufficient | The pressure of valves is much lower than that stated in the specification | Open the valve completely |
| Malfunction of horizontal louver | Horizontal louver can't swing | Refer to point 3 of maintenance method for details |
| Malfunction of the IDU fan motor | The IDU fan motor can't operate | Refer to troubleshooting for H6 for maintenance method in details |
| Malfunction of the ODU fan motor | The ODU fan motor can't operate | Refer to point 4 of maintenance method for details |
| Malfunction of compressor | Compressor can't operate | Refer to point 5 of maintenance method for details |

3. Horizontal Louver can't Swing

| Possible Causes | Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status) | Troubleshooting |
|---|--|--|
| Wrong wire connection, or poor connection | Check the wiring status according to circuit diagram | Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly |
| Stepping motor is damaged | Stepping motor can't operate | Repair or replace stepping motor |
| Main board is damaged | Others are all normal, while horizontal louver can't operate | Replace the main board with the same model |

4. ODU Fan Motor can't Operate

| Possible causes | Discriminating method (air conditioner status) | Troubleshooting |
|---|---|--|
| Wrong wire connection, or poor connection | Check the wiring status according to circuit diagram | Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly |
| Capacity of the ODU fan motor is damaged | Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor. | Replace the capacity of fan |
| Power voltage is a little low or high | Voltage The Voltage is a little blob of low | Suggest to equip with voltage regulator |
| Motor of outdoor unit is damaged | When unit is on, cooling/heating performance is bad and ODU compressor generates a lot of noise and heat. | Change compressor oil and refrigerant. If no better, replace the compressor with a new one |

5. Compressor can't Operate

| Possible causes | Discriminating method (air conditioner status) | Troubleshooting |
|---|---|--|
| Wrong wire connection, or poor connection | Check the wiring status according to circuit diagram | Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly |
| Capacity of compressor is damaged | Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor. | Replace the compressor capacitor |
| Power voltage is a little low or high | Use universal meter to measure the power supply voltage. The voltage is a little high or low | Suggest to equip with voltage regulator |
| Coil of compressor is burnt out | Use universal meter to measure the resistance between compressor terminals and it's 0 | Repair or replace compressor |
| Cylinder of compressor is blocked | Compressor can't operate | Repair or replace compressor |

6. Air Conditioner is Leaking

| Possible causes | Discriminating method (air conditioner status) | Troubleshooting |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| Drain pipe is blocked | Water leaking from indoor unit | Eliminate the foreign objects inside the drain pipe |
| Drain pipe is broken | Water leaking from drain pipe | Replace drain pipe |
| vvianonno is noi nom | Water leaking from the pipe connection place of indoor unit | Wrap it again and bundle it tightly |

7. Abnormal Sound and Vibration

| Possible causes | Discriminating method (air conditioner status) | Troubleshooting |
|--|--|---|
| When turn on or turn off the unit, the panel and other parts will expand and There's abnormal sound | There's the sound of "PAPA" | Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes. |
| When turn on or turn off the unit, There's abnormal sound due to flow of refrigerant inside air conditioner | Water-running sound can be heard | Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes. |
| Foreign objects inside the indoor unit or therere parts touching together inside the indoor unit | There's abnormal sound fro indoor unit | Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of indoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts |
| Foreign objects inside the outdoor unit or therere parts touching together inside the outdoor unit | There's abnormal sound fro outdoor unit | Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of outdoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts |
| Short circuit inside the magnetic coil | During heating, the way valve has abnormal electromagnetic sound | Replace magnetic coil |
| Abnormal shake of compressor | Outdoor unit gives out abnormal sound | Adjust the support foot mat of compressor, tighten the bolts |
| Abnormal sound inside the compressor | Abnormal sound inside the compressor | If add too much refrigerant during maintenance, please reduce refrigerant properly. Replace compressor for other circumstances. |